BEAVER ARGUS.

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The Argus

Will be Published Every Wednesday,

IN THE OLD ARGUS BUILDING,

THIRD ST., BEAVER, PA.

At $2,00 per annum in Advance.

☞ Letters and contributions, by mail, must have prompt attention.

J. WEYAND, Editor & Proprietor.

GIFTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

Bridal Presents,

BASKETS,

TRAVELING CUPS,

In short every article kept in a Variety Store, to be found

AT

B. MULHEIM'S.

BRIDGE St., BRIDGEWATER, Pa.

The subscriber again greets his numerous Patrons with the

LARGEST, MOST VARIED & COMPLETE STOCK OF

Christmas & New Years presents

ever offered in the county.

B. MULHEIM.

Bridgewater, jy25,'66—1y [dec5'66

$60.00

WEED

Sewing Machines.

ALSO,

FINKLE AND LYON.

THESE Machines are adapted for every description of family sewing, and will stitch from the finest gauze to the thickest Beaver cloth without any change in feed, needle or tension, and run for two years without taking apart to clean. If the purchaser, after a fair trial, does not regard these Machines as superior to any machine in the market, he can return it and have his money.—It makes the LOCK STITCH Stitches alike on both sides, which will not rip or ravel.—The cheapest machine by twenty per cent. in use. Warranted for four years. It has been in use in this place for ten years, and has given satisfaction in all cases. Plain finish or mahogany inlaid with pearl, silver-plated and rosewood.

The attention of tailors, shoemakers, and others, is called to No 1.

ALSO,

$20,00

CLARK & SHAW

SEWING MACHINES;

Warranted five years, and licensed.

ALSO,

Aiken's Family Knitting Machine,

which is the best in use, and will knit any kind of yarn; it will knit 12 pairs socks a day. A MODEL FOR CUTTING LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—Any person can learn from it. Also, braid, embroidery and zephyr stamps sale, and stamping done.

☞ AGENTS WANTED. Address, with stamp, R. H. LONG.

General Agent,

Grant st., opposite Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Penn'a [dec26:3m

☞ JAMES BOGGS, of New Brighton, is the agent for Beaver county.

Dvidend No. 18.

NATIONAL BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, Jan. 2, 1867.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. upon its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on demand—free of government tax.

By order of the Board:

EDWARD HOOPS, Cashier.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of HANNAH BUSH, late of New Brighton boro', Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned; all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

BENJ. R. BRADFORD, Ex'r.,

jan2:6t* New Brighton.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

CAME to the residence of the subscriber, living at the mouth of December, in Moon tp., Beaver county, Pa., a bay Mare, shod all round, with a blaze in forehead, white spot on nose, supposed to be about 10 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

WM. ELLIOTT.

Auditor's Notice.

In the Orphans' Court of Beaver county.

In the matter of the account of William Duff, Executor of the will of John Duff, dec'd.

And now to wit: November 14th, 1866, the Court appoint John B. Young, Esq., an Auditor to distribute the balance in the hands of said Executor. From the Record.

JNO. A. FRAZIER, Clk.

The Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court to distribute the balance in the hands of William Duff, Executor of John Duff, dec'd., hereby gives notice to the parties interested that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Beaver, on Wednesday, the 9th day of January, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place all parties interested are notified if they see proper.

J. B. YOUNG,

Auditor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails at Beaver, Pa.

Eastern mail due at 9:30, A. M. Departures.—Eastern mail due at 3, P. M. Departures.—Eastern mail leaves at 7:50, A. M. Western mail leaves at 1:30, P. M. Stamps for sale constantly.

S. J. M'GAFFICK, P. M.

RAILROADS.

PITTS. FT. W. & C. R. R.

On and after Nov. 19, 1866, trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: (Train leaving Chicago at 9:35 P. M. leaves daily.)

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburg	204PM	700AM	220AM	180PM
Rochester	417 "	850 "	842 "	810 "
N. Brighton	427 "	840 "	.....	821 "
Enon	512 "	932 "	445 "	407 "
Columbiana	550 "	1016 "	.....	445 "
Salem	630 "	1047 "	532 "	512 "
Alliance	715 "	1150 "	655 "	616 "
Canton	805 "	1250PM	744 "	702 "
Massillon	826 "	115 "	808 "	723 "
Orrville	906 "	200 "	850 "	800 "
Wooster	938 "	235 "	929 "	835 "
Loudonville	1040 "	345PM	1022 "	938 "
Mansfield	1137 "	446 "	1112 "	1025 "
Crestline Ar	1115AM	530 "	1145 "	1100 "
Crestline De	1240 "	620 "	1220PM	700AM
Bucyrus	110 "	650 "	1248 "	733 "
U. Sandusky	151 "	730 "	125 "	828 "
Forest	228 "	801 "	154 "	857 "
Lima	355 "	918 "	305 "	1021 "
Delphos	436 "	958 "	337 "	1102 "
Van Wert	505 "	1021 "	405 "	1137 "
Fort Wayne	650 "	1150 "	540 "	120PM
Columbia	734 "	1235AM	623 "	208 "
Huntsville	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Pierceton	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Warsaw	825 "	130 "	711 "	301 "
Bourbon	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Plymouth	925 "	235 "	807 "	405 "
Wanatah	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Valparaiso	1059 "	415 "	935 "	548 "
Hobart	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Clarke	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Ill C. RR. Cros	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
R Isl. RR J'n	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Chicago	1250PM	620 "	1130 "	800 "

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Exp's	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Chicago	440AM	720AM	335PM	1020PM
R. Isl RR June	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Ill C. RR Cros	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Clarke	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Hobart	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Valparaso	638 "	905 "	521 "	1254AM
Wanatah	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Plymouth	829 "	1035 "	720 "	257 "
Bourbon	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Warsaw	940 "	1138 "	817 "	420 "
Pierceton	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Huntsville	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Columbia	1040 "	1210PM	905 "	527 "
Fort Wayne	1145 "	125 "	1005 "	700 "
Van Wert	1159PM	232 "	1118 "	824 "
Delphos	145 "	303 "	1148 "	900 "
Lima	219 "	333 "	1217AM	935 "
Forest	356 "	439 "	125 "	1100 "
U Sandusky	481 "	593 "	151 "	1138 "
Bucyrus	522 "	638 "	225 "	1218PM
Crestline Ar	600 "	705 "	255 "	1250 "
Crestline De	615AM	825 "	315 "	130 "
Mansfield	656 "	857 "	343 "	200 "
Londonville	750 "	745 "	425 "	245 "
Wooster	850 "	885 "	508 "	332 "
Orrville	920 "	936 "	530 "	357 "
Massillon	1000 "	1012 "	600 "	430 "
Canton	1020 "	1035 "	616 "	448 "
Alliance	1125 "	1100 "	715 "	545 "
Salem	1207 "	1132 "	744 "	620 "
Columbiana	1238PM	1156 "	..... "	645 "
Enon	122 "	1232AM	838 "	727 "
N. Brighton	217 "	..... "	..... "	808 "
Rochester	225 "	125 "	921 "	820 "
Pittsburgh	350 "	230 "	1025 "	930 "

Erie and Pittsburg Express Train leaves New Castle at 4:05 p.m., arrives in Pittsburg at 6:45 p.m. Returning leaves Pittsburg at 6:00 a.m., arrives in New Castle at 8:30 a.m.

New Castle and Pittsburg Accommodation Train leaves New Castle at 7:00 a.m., arrives in Allegheny at 9:45 a.m. Returning leaves Allegheny at 1:20 p.m., arrives in New Castle at 6:20 p.m.

F. R. MYERS, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

CLEVE. & PITTS. RR.

On and after Nov 19, 1866, trains will leave stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows.

GOING SOUTH,

	Mail.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	810AM	235PM	835PM	.....
Euclid street	821 "	246 "	846 "	.....
Hudson	925 "	340 "	500 "	.....
Akron	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Orrville	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Millersburg	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Ravenna	1000 "	415 "	536 "	.....
Alliance	1100 "	500 "	630 "	.....
Bayard	1130 "	539 "	..... "	.....
Wellsville	105 PM	705 "	..... "	.....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom	Exp's.
Wellsville	845AM	455PM	.....	.....
Bayard	1017 "	615 "	.....	.....
Alliance	1125 "	644 "	700AM	.....
Ravenna	1214PM	728 "	751 "	.....
Millersburg	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Orrville	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Akron	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Hudson	1246 "	803 "	846 "	.....
Euclid street	147 "	904 "	952 "	.....
Cleveland	200 "	915 "	1005 "	.....

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Belaire	440PM	610AM	1040AM	.....
Bridgeport	450 "	625 "	1050 "	.....
Lagrange	541 "	721 "	1139 "	.....
Steubenville	600 "	748 "	1158 "	.....
Wellsville	725 "	845 "	125PM	700AM
Smith's Ferry	747 "	907 "	147 "	735 "
Beaver	820 "	940 "	217 "	823 "
Rochester	880 "	950 "	225 "	835 "
Pittsburgh	940 "	1105 "	340 "	955 "

GOING WEST.

	Exps.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Pittsburgh	225PM	435PM	615AM	330PM
Rochester	835 "	545 "	730 "	445 "
Beaver	..... "	556 "	738 "	455 "
Smith's Ferry	411 "	631 "	807 "	544 "
Wellsville	500 "	725 "	840 "	620 "
Steubenville	600 "	828 "	950 "	.....
Lagrange	618 "	840 "	1010 "	.....
Bridgeport	712 "	927 "	1112 "	.....
Bellaire	725 "	940 "	1125 "	.....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia 6.50 a m	Bayard, 9.55 p m.
Bayard, 11.45 a m,	N. Philadel. 2.35 P.M

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

S. J. BLACKMORE

(At No 24 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh, Pa.)

Hats, Caps and Ladies' Furs,

Beaver County Trade Solicited.

November 14, 1866—6mos

Titusville Correspondence.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 7, 1867.

Dear Col.—The Oil Region at times as it was going to be, is the scene of the excitement of '61 and '62, if indeed that can be called excitement, when oil was thrown to the winds, or be sold for 25 cents per barrel. Oil which has gradually been tending downwards, until the low figure of $1 has been reached, now exhibits more "firmness," and has quite evidently "got to the end of the rope."

Several causes have operated towards this effect. One of the greatest: the stoppage of hundreds of wells. True the wells which have been stopped were producing but little oil, but in the aggregate the amount exerted quite an influence on the market. Careful estimates report "on hand" in the principle ports of the World, a present stock of oil equal to 750,000 barrels of refined oil. As this is half a million barrels more than was supposed to be on hand one year ago, you will readily see that a very fair stock is awaiting consumption. The production of the year 1866 is estimated to have been equal to two millions six hundred thousand barrels of refined oil, i. e, about four million barrels of crude oil. What do the croakers who think the "Oil Region" are "played out" think of this? The wild speculations of '64 and '65 were unquestionably a curse to this section, as well as ruinous to many who embarked their all in this mad race for wealth. Although the number of dry wells is legion, yet the amount of oil actually produced and sold during the past twelve months is rather a convincing argument of the existence of paying wells.

Many of the Oil Companies whose flaming "prospectuses" flooded the land two years ago, are now re-appearing on the stage, to enact one more, (and to many their last,) scene in this Venango county tragedy, comedy or farce! Which is it? The Sheriff has "gone for them," armed with a most hideous array of latin words and law phrases, from which there can be no escape. The majority of the cases will no doubt surrender at discretion, and so put to rest all expectations of stock holders who have so long and earnestly looked for a dividend one of these days. In some sections of the country disappointed stock holders have commenced suit for recovery of purchase money on the broad ground of false representation. There would be a perfect deluge of such suits were it not for the very solemn fact that in most cases the getting up of the company aforesaid, have lost, in subsequent transactions, their entire fortunes (!) One case was recently tried in New York, where the property sold was represented, among other items, to consist of "At least forty acres of bottom land suitable for boring, the bluffs covered with 'timber' from which source alone enough money could be realized to pay 'entire' cost of farm—besides a spring on the place from which—(astonishing circumstance!)—a vial of oil had been gathered." This was nearly two years ago, and the "stockholders" almost lost their breath rushing in for stock. The inevitable "committee," which in almost all cases was sent out too late, couldn't see that "bottom land"—as only two or three acres were visible—the balance of the forty was "table land," elevated some two to four hundred feet—more or less, quite "suitable for boring," and then, too, remote from any damage from floods, which had cleaned out so many "bottom farms" in the memorable spring of '65. Then, too, the "timber," soft maple, etc., not worth the cutting; and then the spring that "vial of oil" had exhausted it. So the stockholders sued the "getter up," and on trial he endeavored to prove that table land and bluff territory was now considered better oil land than bottoms. The Judge declined this evidence, as what he wanted to know was, "what was considered good territory then?" The jury brought in a verdict for the Plainuff, and the Defendant appealed. This is to be a "test case," and if on the appeal the Defendant is again beaten, there will be a harvest for lawyers in these parts.

A new county has been carved out, taking for its greater part the land of Forest county, whose name goes with it, and adding thereto the "Hickory" region of Venango. Tionesta is the County Seat, and already two newspapers have commenced to write the place up. The prospect is anything but flattering. Oil has not been found to exist there, or if it does, it is so well pleased with its quarters that it resists all the seductive attempts of pumps, working barrels or torpedoes, to raise it to the surface. Hickory is chiefly remembered as the place where the number of sixteenths in a well, was only limited by the wants of the seller or the number of buyers. Wells in which 19, 21 and even 28 sixteenths had been sold, still remain on this once to-be-famous run; evidence of the financial abilities of their owners, the crushing weight of whose "strategy" they were unable to support.

The late pamphlet of Mr. Culver has produced quite an excitement throughout this entire region, and has had the double effect of adding to the number of his friends, and furnishing his old friends with the "back bone" they so much needed. There are many who are now willing to put up their pins that Culver will come out all right yet. At all events this latter persecution has done a world of good.

[illegible] Century [illegible]

New York [illegible]

The Great Napoleon.

The secret trade in the [illegible] Par is correspondence between the Duke de Reichstadt and King [illegible] ended in the securing of [illegible] interesting souvenirs, to be [illegible] the Napoleon gallery of [illegible] The life of this great son of [illegible] peror who, according to the [illegible] epitaph written by himself, [illegible] own tomb, was born King [illegible] and died a lieutenant in the [illegible] Service," was too short to admit of any very voluminous record.

The souvenirs now brought [illegible] have been wholly furnished by the well-remembered dauntless Fanny Elssler, who lives in the style [illegible] ment of a country life near V[illegible] occupied solely in the cultiv[illegible] of certain species of rose, which she has brought to the highest perfection. By the fortune left her by Gen. Ad[illegible] to that acquired by her own industry and talent, she is enabled to [illegible] the easy life of a chatelaine; and while her leisure time is occupied with the cultivation of flowers, her heart is fully occupied likewise with the [illegible] tion of all her tender souvenirs of the court of Vienna, and the [illegible] who once occupied thereat, with the full consent and approbation of every member of the Imperial family.

The story of the loves of the Duc de Reichstadt is short and [illegible] Disgusted with the re-[illegible] at court, wounded by the [illegible] which his birth had consigned him among the proud archdukes [illegible] high born relatives, he was wont to steal away into the country, to enjoy solitude and the contemplation of nature, at a little village near Vienna. The doctors had foretold that [illegible] interest in life were offered to [illegible] sitive, nervous youth, he [illegible] ecessity, sank into atrophy [illegible] away, in consumption. [illegible] many a hope had been raised [illegible] forming an attachment which [illegible] throw some interest around [illegible] ence, and ward off the [illegible] was killing him by inches.

But the conviction that [illegible] tunities thus afforded him [illegible] snares of the enemy to [illegible] him in his most [illegible] kept him on the watch, and he never once yielded to the temptation. But the moment came for him as it comes for all men. He became struck with the grace and beauty of his landlady's niece, a girl fresh from the woods, whose picturesque costume and simple manners flattered both his artistic and moral taste, and he soon became deeply enamored. To this girl he told the whole story of his life—the temptations which had been offered him, the aspirations in which he indulged, the hopes he entertained. His entire existence underwent a change. To one being he could unfold the secrets of his heart, and the restraint which had been killing him was overcome at last.

But as there must always be a demon at work upon the happiness of every mortal here below, so did the satisfaction experienced by the young Duc de Reichstadt soon come to an end. He who had ever shunned all gaiety, who had obstinately refused to attend all courtly *fetes*, opera, ball play—finding his health and spirits much improved, must needs one night be seized with an irresistible desire to see the ballet of "The Diable Boiteux," in which the *cachuca* danced by Fanny Elssler who had become the aim and object of every conversation and of all the enthusiasm of the city. He went alone to the opera—he saw the dancer come forward to the footlights with that swimming step which had won the hearts of all mankind—he gazed first in terror, then in doubt, then in horror and amazement, and sank slowly down senseless on the floor of the box where he was placed.

It was the dancer herself on whom his whole heart and soul had been bestowed. It was to her he had confided his most secret thoughts. The whole intrigue of the court became revealed at once to his mind. He went back no more to the village, but retired again to the little student's room in the palace, still shown as the place where he died, and could never be persuaded to behold the traitress who had so imposed upon his trusting heart. No one but himself ever suspected Fanny Elssler of any base intrigue—the pastoral comedy had been played out in good part and with the entire concurrence of Imperial relatives. The end of the drama was a bright and glorious existence for the dancer; for the Duke misery, despair and death!

SENATOR B. GRATZ BROWN publishes a letter to the people of Missouri, recommending universal suffrage and amnesty, to take effect in 1870. He definitely declines re election.

AT Pleasant Mills, New Jersey, lives the eldest John Smith. His age is 117 years, and his faculties are not dim, nor is his natural force abated.

HON. JAMES THOMAS, many years since United States Senator from Illinois, and afterwards Minister to Bogota, died on Friday, at Jersey-Landing, Jersey county, Illinois. He withdrew from political life several years since.

CONGRESS.

[illegible] 16, 1866.

Outrage on John Morgan—The Truth of History.

A correspondent brings out the following interesting fact:

Gainesville, Tennessee, is celebrated for being the home of Andrew Johnson, the worst man, probably, the country has produced. Several items have crept into the history of Morgan's disastrous and death which are untrue, and as you are occasionally pointing out inaccuracies of history, let me here state what are the facts in the case.

On the night on which Morgan met his death, he was stopping at the house of Mrs. Williams, in Greenville. Gen. Gillem's brigade was encamped at Bull's Gap, seventeen miles distant. It has been written and published throughout the United States that Mrs. Williams mounted a horse and rode to Gen. Gillem's camp, and reported to him the whereabouts of Morgan.

This is not true. Mrs. W was a rebel, as well known, and above suspicion, that Morgan sought her house as a place of safety. On the night in question, however, Mrs. Williams was three miles out of town, and knew nothing of Morgan's being at her house, or of his death, until ten o'clock next day. The facts are as follows: A negro boy, about twelve years old, son of a negro woman by the name of Mary Kean, was captured by Morgan's party, as they were entering town, and lost the boy might give information to some Union men, he was held in custody several hours, but finally released, and went straight to his mother and reported what he had seen and heard, and thereupon black, loyal Mrs. Mary Kean, and not rebel, white Mrs. Williams, mounted a horse and rode seventeen miles to inform Gen. Gillem. Let history see to it that white rebels do not steal honors belonging to black loyalists.

DEATH OF THE "LARGEST MAN."—Mr. Jacob Loucks, a respected citizen of Manchester township, York county, and supposed to be the largest man in the State, died on the 19th instant, of apoplexy, at the age of fifty-seven years. He was exceedingly corpulent, and was supposed to weigh about five hundred pounds at the time of his death. His coffin measured thirty-five inches in breadth by twenty-three inches in depth. His weight was not given as 528 pounds, and who is said to have been the largest man in the world.

BAD PLACE FOR A DEMOCRATIC PAPER.—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* says:—"Chicago appears to be a bad place for a Democratic paper. John Wentworth was once a Democrat, and started the Chicago *Democrat*. In a few years he went over to the Republicans. Mr. Sheahan was then brought to Chicago to edit another Democratic organ. He soon sold out and went into a Republican paper. Lastly the Chicago *Times*, the paper he started, has come out for the Republican ideas upon the question of negro suffrage, and seems to be on the way over to that camp."

DR. WINSHIP OUTLIETED.—A Mr. Butts has entirely "taken the wind out of the sails" of the gentleman named above. He writes to the *Herald of Health* that he can lift two thousand seven hundred and twenty seven pounds and two ounces. He says: "I have eaten plain simple food—few kinds at a meal—avoided knick knacks pork, and condiments, I have used mostly vegetable food and milk when that would answer, but I found it necessary a portion of the time to introduce solid animal food into my diet. I regard beef steak as containing the best muscle-making principle, because it is muscle, and more readily distributed as such throughout the system."

R. V. RICHARDSON, formerly a general of the C. S. A., was arrested last week in Memphis, and held in $5000 bail, for swindling. It appears that the general has been getting up an immense southern company, with a capital of some $20,000,000, which, by a beneficent management, was intended to enrich every man, woman and child in "the land we love." A young man in Mobile took $1250 stock, with the assurance of a valuable position. He waited patiently for his appointment, but hearing nothing further he went to Memphis and found himself swindled.

AT St. Paul, Minnesota, W. P. Wilson, the old United States Assessor, having refused to yield his office to Colonel Wood, Johnson's new appointee, that gentleman has set up an opposition assessor's office, and the competition in revenue business promises to be lively for a time.

GOVERNOR CURTIN has appointed Major William Frew, of Pittsburg, as a Commissioner from Pennsylvania to the Paris Universal Exposition of 1867.

CHARLES G. PATTERSON, a New York stock broker, has brought a suit against Albert M. Stokes and Ferdinand A. Bell, the alleged proprietors of two gambling houses, for the recovery of $35,000 alleged to have been won from him. The accused gave bail to the amount of $20,000 to appear for trial.

SURRATT.

Particulars of His Arrest—Letter from Consul General Hale.

WASHINGTON, January 8, 1867.

The following is Consul General Hale's letter in full, relative to the arrest of Surratt. It is dated Alexandria, Egypt, and addressed to Secretary Seward. None of its contents have been published:

AGENCY AND CONSULATE GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT, November 28, 1866.

SIR:—I have the honor to report that in consequence of a telegram received via Constantinople from Mr. King, United States Minister at Rome, and of several letters received from Mr. Winthrop, United States Consul at Malta, the Mediterranean wire being unfortunately broken between Malta and this place, I have this day arrested a man calling himself Walters, dressed in the uniform of a Zouave, who arrived at Alexandria on the 23d inst., in the steamship Tripoli, from Naples, and who is believed to be John Harrison Surratt, one of the conspirators for the assassination of President Lincoln. The telegram and some of the letters having been delayed in transmission, I was fortunate in finding the man still in quarantine among the third class passengers, of whom there is no list whatever. It was easy to distinguish him among seventy-eight of those by his Zouave uniform, and scarcely less easy by his almost unmistakeable American type of countenance.

I said at once to him: "You are the man I want. You are an American." He said, "Yes, sir, I am." I said, "You doubtless know why I want you? What is your name?" He replied promptly—"Walters." I said, "I believe your true name is Surratt," and in arresting him mentioned my official position as United States Consul General. The director of quarantine speedily arranged a sufficient escort of soldiers, by whom the prisoner was conducted to a safe place within the quarantine walls. Although the walk occupied several minutes, the prisoner close at my side made no remark whatever, displaying neither surprise nor irritation.

Arrived at the place prepared, I gave him the usual magisterial caution, that he was not obliged to say anything, and that anything he said would be at once taken down in writing. He said: "I have nothing to say. I want nothing but what is right." He declared he had neither passport, nor baggage, nor money, except six francs. His companions confirm his statements in this respect. They say he came to Naples, a deserter from the Papal army at Rome. I find that he had no papers and no clothes but those he is wearing. The appearance of the prisoner answers very well the description given of Surratt by the witness Weichman, at page 11 of Pitman's report officially sent to me by the Government, and is accurately portrayed in the likeness of Surratt in the frontispiece of the same volume Mr. King and Mr. Winthrop speak in confident terms of the identity of the man Walters with Surratt, and after seeing the man I have not a shadow of doubt of it.

According to the well established public law of this place, as the prisoner avowed himself an American and submitted without objection to arrest by me on my statement that I acted for the United States, and especially as he has no paper to suggest even a *prima facia* claim for belonging to any other jurisdiction, there is no other authority which can rightfully interfere here with his present custody, and I have good reason for saying that no attempt at interference will be set on foot by any authority whatever pretension he may make. The prisoner's quarantine will expire on the 29th.—He will then be received into the prison of the local Government, which gives me every assistance.

The Supreme Court.

As considerable interest is now felt in the character and convictions of the gentlemen who compose the Supreme Court, we submit for reference the following named jurists, with the date of their appointments:

1863—S. P. CHASE, O., Chief Justice.
1835—JAMES M. WAYNE, Georgia.
1845—SAMUEL NELSON, New York.
1846—ROBERT C. GRIER, Penn'a.
1858—NATHAN CLIFFORD, Maine.
1862—NOAH M. SWAYNE, Ohio.
1862—DAVID DAVIS, Illinois.
1862—SAMUEL R. MILLER, Iowa.
1863—STEPHEN J. FIELD, California.

It will be seen that five of the Justices, including the Chief Justice, were appointed by Mr. Lincoln, the largest number of the same appointments ever made by any Chief Magistrate, since the organization of the Court. Had Justice Davis, of Illinois, been true to the spirit in which he was appointed, the Court, to day, would not be in partial disgrace.

CAREFUL estimates make the present number of sheep in the United States 30,000,000, and wool product 95,000,000 pounds, an increase of 7,528,725 sheep in five years last past, against an increase of 748,055 the previous ten years, and of 34,735,087 pounds of wool the last five years, against 7,747,954 pounds the previous ten years.

AN American newspaper will shortly be started in Paris.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square—ONE INSERTION. Each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to 12 lines constitutes a square of this type.

Special notices 25 per cent. additions to regular rates. Business cards, 10 cents a line, per year. Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

Trichinæ in Pork.

The following letter to the Department of Agriculture, from Charles J. Sundell, Consul at Stettin, in Prussia, will doubtless prove of vital interest to our readers in the great pork producing region of the North-west:

About that most dreadful disease in swine, called trichinæ, nothing further was heard here since the Hadersleben calamity in January and February last, until recently, the reappearance of said malady is now being reported from the city of Greifswald, in this province. The meat of one single animal, said that was wholly used, as some remaining parts thereof were confiscated as soon as its infection was discovered, seems to have been enough to infest with the parasites over sixty persons, and among these some of the best men there. The suffering from this shocking intrusion into the system, is said to be attended with most distressing agonies, and it is feared that many of those affected will pay with their lives for yielding to that peculiar taste for raw, chopped, or insufficiently cooked and smoked meat, so prevalent in this country. It is stated that those who had partaken of sausage prepared from the infected meat, and only superficially smoked, are subject to worse pains than those who had eaten cutlets and other dishes insufficiently cooked. It follows, therefore, that the greater the heat to which such meats are subjected the surer will the parasites therein be made harmless, and this is a simple fact which cannot be too strongly impressed upon the mind in a country like ours, where pork is so extensively eaten. It is also contended that by cutlets it is hardly possible to have the heat penetrate the meat sufficiently without burning some portion of the coda. The simple remedy would be to prepare cutlets without bones, and so with all other dishes from swine's meat.

"The scientific commission of the medical faculty in Prussia gave as their decision, under date of the 14th of February last, that microscopical examinations of certain (enumerated) parts of the swine would be the surest way to prevent these fearful diseases. The Government has, therefore, now recommended microscopic meat inspections, and that much care be taken in thoroughly cooking and preparing, but such examinations have not been made obligatory.

"This advice, as the Greifswald calamity proves anew, is distinct and well meant, but the inhabitants seem to care little about it, and it is now publicly proposed that those who sell trichinous meat be made responsible for the consequences. Thus it will be seen that the people here are in earnest, to guard, if possible, against the recurrence of this late discovered ill that human flesh is heir to."

One Summer's Work.

The Prussian war cost $42,000,000, which the conqueror has levied upon her enemies as follows, including a margin of profit:

Austria	$28,000,000
Bavaria	12,000,000
Saxony	7,000,000
Wurtemberg	5,250,000
Baden	2,400,000
Frankfort	2,400,000
Hesse Darmstadt	1,200,000
Total	$58,250,000

This gives a clear gain for the needle-gun of $14,200,000—a pretty good summer's work.

If Jefferson Davis had established the monarchy for which he and the present earnest advocates of the Constitution of the United States were so earnestly contending, he would not only have compelled the defeated North and West to repudiate their three thousand millions of debt, but would have taxed them to the earth to pay at least four thousand millions more of his own expenses, including indemnity to the poor slaveholders.—As to political rights; Jefferson would have taken them all himself, including the property and lives of such leading traitors as Stevens, Sumner, Stanton—*and Andrew Johnson!*

Tax on Real and Personal Estate.

The report of General Hartranft, Auditor General of the State, covers, as usual, the valuation of property and assessment of tax in the several counties of the Commonwealth, with the population and number of taxables.—By this we learn that the tax on real and personal estate in the sixty-three counties, including an item of $1,948 17 from a former treasurer of one of the counties, amounted to $879,848 59, and the special tax of one half mill on the dollar, imposed by the act of May 16, 1861, amounted to $39,914 41, giving an aggregate of $919,258. The tax of Philadelphia was $624,158 95 on real and personal estate, and $57,583 60 on the special tax, rendering a total of $681,742 55. The smallest real and personal estate tax is paid by Pike county, and is 20 cents. Forest pays but $215 74. The special half mill tax yielded $2023 09 in Huntingdon; $2757 38 in Chester; $3560 93 in Bucks; $4588 92 in Lancaster, and $1804 41 in Montgomery.

A LADY in Covington, Kentucky, while walking along the street, on Saturday, slipped down on the covered pavement, and crushed to death her year old baby which she was carrying in her arms.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

J. WEYAND,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

January 16th, 1867.

Our venerable relative, "Uncle Sam," sent us a short time ago, a polite invitation to attend as a Juror, the United States Court, held at Pittsburgh on the 21st. Absence from home for some time will therefore be an unavoidable necessity.

United States Senators.

The past week has been prolific in making nominations for United States Senators. Some of these nominations have already resulted in elections, and before the week expires all of them will have received a majority of the votes of their respective Legislatures.

Gen. Simon Cameron, of this State, was nominated by the Union Republican caucus of the Legislature on the 10th, and as the election was fixed for the 15th, we have no doubt but that he was duly elected yesterday. This will make his third term in the Senate of the United States.

Hon. Roscoe Conkling, at present a member of the United States House of Representatives, from New York, was also nominated by the Republican caucus of the Legislature for the United States Senate on the 10th. He is now serving his third term in the House, and will make an efficient and able Senator.

Hon. C. D. Drake, of Missouri, was also nominated on the 10th by the Unionists in the Legislature of that State. He is a Radical in politics, and both bold and able in the advocacy of his political opinions. Th is is his first appearance in official life.

Gov. Morton, of Indiana, was also nominated last week by the Republicans in the Legislature of that State as their candidate for United States Senator. He is one of the best men for that position in the United States, and every loyal man in the country will rejoice to know that in the caucus but one vote was given against him.

A Remonstrance.

On Monday morning last a remonstrance, signed by eight hundred citizens of this county, was sent from this place, against the passage of a law by which the use of crude petroleum would be prohibited for illuminating purposes. We have no doubt but that every adult in this county would have appended his signature to this paper if time and opportunity had been given. As it is, it is clearly shown that the passage of such a law as is contemplated would be looked upon as an unjust and harsh one by almost every person in this vicinity; and in behalf of this general public sentiment, we appeal to our Senator and Representatives to meet this contemplated act promptly when it comes up in the Legislature, and to do their utmost to prevent its passage. The proposition is an unjust one to the people generally, and of this county particularly, and is so regarded by all disinterested persons.

The Tax on Whisky.

Mr. Revenue Collector Wells, a "My Policy" man, in his report urged a reduction of the tax on whisky—Wharton, of the *Local*, was also in favor of cutting the tax down; but the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives, not governed by the advice of either of these sages, has perversely concluded to leave the tax as it now is.

We do not now remember the reasons given by the Commissioner for this request, but it requires but little sagacity to understand why Wharton's long article was written advocating the same thing: He belongs to that large class of persons who possess an enlarged faith in the utility of *water* for cooking uses and for purposes of navigation, but who nevertheless believe that as a "thirst quencher" it isn't just the thing. In other words, it is said he prefers whisky for drinking purposes to all other fluids, and is therefore in favor of having the law so amended as to enable him to get it cheap. A lean portmonie, an active appetite, and whisky at four or five dollars per gallon, are not very pleasant subjects to contemplate; and were we in Wharton's place, we would never "let up" until the tax on whisky was brought down.

THE *Local* seems to think that the proposition to pass a law prohibiting the use of crude petroleum is but a "man of straw got up for our patriotic Assemblymen to kick over, and then coming home, claim great merit for having done so." This is only another evidence of the fact that the editors of the *Local* are only stupid retailers of public thing, and that they know nothing of either the business interests of the county in which they live, nor what is taking place in other localities to injure or affect those interests. A knowledge of business matters, and a guardianship of the public welfare are subjects that rarely enter into their reflections. They would rather bark at the heels of private individuals than be caught doing anything to promote the general good.

EDGAR COWAN, the recreant Senator from this State received the Democratic caucus nomination for U. S. Senator, and was voted for by the Democratic members of the Legish turw yesterday. It matters but little whether a man has been a traitor to his country or to his party he has only to ask latter-day Democracy for support, and he receives it at once.

The House Speakership Again.

In last weeks *Argus* we took occasion to express our own views of the causes which led to Col. Quay's defeat for the House Speakership. Below will be found the opinion of the Philadelphia *Transcript*, a paper that has been determinedly in favor of General Cameron for the Senate, on the same subject. It will be seen that the same facts are given by the *Transcript* in connection with the Speakership that were submitted by us last week; and that Col. Quay's defeat was brought about by a coalition between the friends of Senatorial candidates opposed to Curtin, and because of his being the known choice of the latter for that position. Col Quay, standing alone and aloof from the Senatorial question, would have been elected Speaker of the House without any serious opposition.

The Senatorial Struggle.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 5, 1867.

The General Assembly of Pennsylvania convened on Friday last. The interest which centered in its convening was greatly increased, not so much by the mere choice of men to represent the organization of both branches as it was to show the strength of the division of the Republican party in the Legislature on the Senatorial question. Ever since the adjournment of the last Assembly, the friends of Governor Curtin were busy consolidating a force to make him United States Senator. The soldier interest—so to call it—was wielded with great force in his favor before the masses of the people; and there is no denying that the Governor had attained a sort of effervescent popularity,—a sort of surface reputation, which made him assume immense proportions to the gaze of politicians outside of the State, and which gave him that kind of the State, and which gave him that kind of flimsy strength at home that lasts only while it is left uncontested. As the nominating conventions assembled in the Republican counties, Governor Curtin's friends took possession of them and were allowed to do just as they pleased, so that, after the October elections, that gentleman and his backers flattered themselves that he only was regarded of the mass of the people as the fittest man of all the aspirants for Senatorial honors, to be elected in Mr Cowan's place. I am thus specific in my statement to preserve the truth of history. It is right to state that Gov. Curtin fully canvassed his claims before the people, both prior to and after the election. He must have the benefit of this fact, in order that the readers of the *Transcript* may be enlightened and enabled to appreciate his Excellency's present position. After the October election, M. S. Quay, a representative from Beaver county, was put forward as the Curtin Candidate for Speaker. So closely was Mr. Quay allied to Curtin's interest, that he actually declined to consider any other man's claims, boldly assuming that he would stand or fall in his contest for the Speakership, and his preference for Senator.

THE TUG OF WAR.

Here commenced the tug of war—The friends of Mr. Stevens and those of Mr. Grow did not feel strong enough to meet Ma. Quay, and at one time were partly inclined to yield him an election; but the friends of General Cameron did not partake of that condescending nature. General Cameron was too sagacious not to see that Quay's election to the Speakership as an avowed Curtin candidate, would give Curtin a prestige in the Republican caucus which could not be overcome. The old chief, therefore resolved to strike a blow in the initial movements for the organization of the House, which would at once exhibit his own strength, and paralyze the working forces of his opponents. It was a bold effort, entirely peculiar to the man. It required delicate management, great diplomatic skill, and that caution while dealing with masses of men for which General Cameron has become so celebrated.

THE ISSUE NARROWED DOWN AND ENDED.

One week ago, Mr. Quay had a majority of the Republican members of the House in his favor for Speaker. His own good qualities attached these colleagues to his cause; hence it was that more than one of General Cameron's most ardent friends doubted the policy of making a contest against Mr. Quay for the Speakership. Nevertheless, General Cameron perceived that Mr. Quay's success would be misconstrued; that what was in reality Mr. Quay's personal popularity, if allowed to succeed, would be hunted over the State as Governor Curtin's strength for the Senator-ship. From this point, the story in this contest is already known to the people of Pennsylvania. It can be recorded in a few words, viz: the contest for the Speakership of the House of Representatives, was a struggle between Andrew G. Curtin and Simon Cameron. It was a measurement of their place as politicians; a trial of their skill as men canvassing for a high place; and the result has been a magnificent victory for Simon Cameron. Every Republican who went into the caucus was fully aware that the question of Speakership was reduced to this issue. Mr. Quay represented Governor Curtin; Mr. Glass represented General Cameron. The latter's election is as much a Cameron's victory as will be Cameron's election to the United States Senate.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9, 1867.

SENATE.

Sundry memorials and petitions of minor importance were presented and referred.

Mr. Sumner presented claims of the New England Emigrants Aid Society for $25,000 damages done to property in Leavenworth, Kansas Territory, by a mob some years ago. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Lane reported from the Committee on Pensions bills granting pensions to widows of deceased Union soldiers of East Tennessee, who were hung by the Rebel athorities during the war when caught burning a bridge near Knoxville. The pension in each case is eight dollars per month, and dates from November, 1861. Also increasing pensions of widows of revolutionary soldiers married before 1800.

Mr Morrill, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported adversely on the bill annulling all laws and ordinances of the District of Columbia, and of several Territories making a distinction betwes persons on account of color, and for punishment of officers and persons who may attempt to execute any such laws or ordinances contrary to the provisions of this act. This subject, he said, had already been acted upon in the suffrage bill.

The bill to provide for the payment of pensions was taken up, and after discussion postponed.

The bill for admission of Nebraska was then taken up.

Mr. Johnson addressed the Senate in opposition to the pending amendment, contending that Congress had no power to regulate the suffrage question.

The debate was further continued by Messrs. Sumner, Wade and others.

Mr. Johnson in the course of his argument on the equal rights of the States said it was the intention of the constitution to place all on equal grounds, and for that reason he was opposed to the amendment.

Mr. Wade hoped the friends of the bill would not vote for Mr Brown's amendment. The other was at all events harmless, and would result in the immediate admission of Nebraska.

After a protracted debate, Mr. Edmond's amendment was lost, yeas 15, nays 17.

Mr. Brown's amendment was also voted down; yeas 8, nays 22.

Mr. Edmonds then moved his amendment as an amendment to the original bill: Not agreed to.

Mr. Buckalew then spoke against the bill asserting that the constitution was rejected by a fair vote of the people of Nebraska.

Mr Cragin believed Congress was bound to admit these Territories, and all irregularities would be somewhat remedied by such admission.

Mr. Wade—Let us have a vote on the bill.

Mr. Edmunds moved to amend by adding as an additional section his former proposition, which carried, yeas 20, nays 18.

On motion of Mr. Wade the bill to admit Colorado as a State was then taken up.

Mr. Edwards moved to amend by adding the same amendment which had been attached to the Nebraska bill. Agreed to—nays 21, yeas 28.

Mr. Hendricks, of Indiana, said this action was even more irregular than that on the Nebraska bill. In addition to the small population of Colorado, it was the first instance of Congress changing a constitution which the people had agreed on.

Mr. Willey said he had voted against the bill to admit Nebraska with Mr. Edmunds's amendment bill.

Mr. Grimes said, for the same reason stated by the last speaker, he would vote against it. His conscience would not allow him to act so inconsistently. He believed the amendment would be entirely inoperative and void.

Mr. Doolittle read the statement of the Government of Colorado, in which he said that constitution was no indication of the sentiments of the people, and that there was but twenty seven thousand people; that the endeavor to have it admitted was the act of wicked and designing men, and at least two-thirds of the people were opposed to it.

Mr. Doolittle reiterated the charge that this admission was only to reinforce the party, and that the proposed amendment was unconstitutional.

Mr. Wade said he hoped they would have a vote immediately on it.

Mr. Williams said while he voted for the bill, he would not acquiesce in the amendment. He feared the majority had put on record to-day something which would return to plague the inventors.

Mr. Willey held himself responsible to his own conscience for his vote, and not to the Senator from Wisconsin (Doolittle) who had enough to do to take care of his own conscience.

Mr. Doolittle disclaimed any intention of casting imputation on the Senator's high moral sense.

Mr. Edmunds believed posterity would ratify the doctrine in the Amendment.

A vote was taken, and the bill passed; yeas 23, nays 11, Messrs Foster, Grimes, Doolittle and Morgan were among the latter.

HOUSE.

Mr. Kasson introduced a resolution to restore the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs to the War Department. Referred.

Resolutions were agreed to requesting the Secretary of the Interior to inform the House if any modification is necessary in the third article of the treaty with the Choctaws and Chickasaws, ratified June, 1866, whereby 8,000 negroes in the country of these Indians can have their rights as citizens defined.

Mr. Alley reported a bill making an appropriation for the purchase of a Postoffice site in New York.

Cullom, of Illinois, introduced a resolution, instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of amending the revenue laws so that incomes under one thousand dollars shall be exempt from taxation, and all over five per cent.—Agreed to.

Mr. Raymond, of Pennsylvania, introduced a resolution to modify the resolution of the 18th of January, 1865, directing the Commissioner on Claims to refuse to consider all claims preferred by citizens of the late rebel States, so that the same shall not apply to claims of loyal citizens in Tennessee.

SENATE.

JAN. 11.—Mr. Sumner presented a petition from the loyal citizens of Arkansas to supersede the present State Government, and for Congress to declare that the twenty-five loyal States are the only States competent to pass judgment upon the Constitutional Amendment. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

The Tariff bill was reported, and one thousand copies ordered to be printed.

After the executive session, the Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.

The regular order of business the Speaker announced, would be the consideration of bills of a private character.

Mr. Delano, of Ohio, from the Committee on Claims, reported a lot of private bills, which were laid on the table without reading. A number of other private bills were considered.

Mr. Ashly reported, from the Committee on Territories, a substitute for the North Carolina reconstruction bill, was ordered to be printed and recommitted.

JAN. 12.—Leave was given to the Committee of Ways and Means to sit during the session of the House.

Mr. Paine introduced a resolution declaring that the American Government ought to protect American industry, but if people are compelled to submit to free trade in products of agriculture, they ought to have at the same time free trade in products of manufactures. Referred to Ways and Means Committee.

After some unimportant business, the bill for the admission of Nebraska came up, but was postponed, on motion of Mr. Garfield, in favor of the joint resolution giving the twenty per cent. additional compensation to Government employees in Washington, which passed—93 against 42.

The House, in Committee of the Whole, considered the legislative appropriation bill. The amendment to reduce the appropriation of $86,000 for the purchase of Zodo failed. Without completing the bill the Committee rose, when

Mr. Hill introduced a bill extending the provisions of the bounty laws to soldiers who died or were disabled while on furlough by leave of a commanding officer, without fault of the soldier.

PENN'A LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 9, 1867.

SENATE.

A remonstrance of citizens of Freeport against prohibiting the sale of liquors, was presented.

An act was presented in relation to landlords and tenants.

An act was passed incorporating the Germania Savings Institute of Erie.

An act was passed to incorporate the Freedom Iron and Steel Company.

An act was presented to extend the sale of railroads and bridges.

An act was read to provide for the erection of a Poor House in Lawrence county.

A bill was passed to incorporate the New Castle Water Company.

HOUSE.

The Clerk of the Senate announced the concurrence of that body in the House resolution to investigate rumors of bribery and corruption. The Senate Committee is Lowry, of Erie; Graham, of Allegheny, and Searight, of Fayette.

Most of the session was spent in drawing jurors in the contested election cases of Charles D. Roach and Michael Mullin.

The House and Senate met in Convention and re elected W. H Kemble State Treasurer, by a vote of eighty two to fifty.

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1867.

Federal Relations—Messrs. Lowry, Bigham, McConaughy, Wallace, Davis.

Finance—Messrs Connell, Graham, Worthington, Landon, Wells.

Judiciary, (General)—Messrs. Shoemaker, Bigham, McConaughy, Wallace, Schell.

Judiciary, (Local)—Messrs, Cowles, White, Stutzman, Fisher, Davis.

Accounts—Messrs. Royer, Connell, Coleman, Donovan, Wells.

Estates and Escheats—Messrs, McConaughy, White, Wallace, Cowles, Burnett.

Pensions and Gratuities—Messrs. Fisher, Lowry, Coleman, Randall, Jackson.

Corporations — Messrs. Ridgway, Haines, Royer, Glatz, Ainey.

Banks—Messrs. Bigham, Connell, Lowry, Coleman, Randall.

Canals and Inland Navigation—Messrs. Haines, Royer, Shoemaker, Searight, Donovan.

Railroads—Messrs Landon, Lowry, Graham, Ridgway, Randall.

Election Districts—Messrs. Stutzman, White, Graham, James, Jackson.

Private Claims and Damages—Messrs. Brown, (Lawrence,) Bigham, Billingfelt, Brown, (Lawrence), Taylor, Burnett.

Vice and Immorality—Messrs. Graham, Worthington, Browne, (Lawrence) Taylor, Burnett.

Private Claims and Damages—Taylor, Stutzman, Fisher, James, Schall.

Library — Messrs. Worthington, Cowles, Wallace.

Public Printing—Messrs. Royer, Ridgway, Connell, McCandless, Schall.

Public Buildings—Messrs. Coleman, Brown, (Mercer,) Glatz.

New Counties and County Seats—Messrs. Brown, (Mercer,) Haines, Shoemaker, Donovan, Searight.

SENATE.

Several local acts were read in relation to Philadelphia.

Mr. Brown, Mercer, an act to regulate the carrying of passengers by railway companies; authorizes passengers to carry, without additional charge, one hundred pounds of baggage, not to exceed two hundred dollars in value.

Mr. Wallace, an act authorizing purchasers of railroads, canals, &c, under trust sales, to bid on the same under like powers, as if sold at judicial sales.

A long debate took place relative to the amendment of a rule of the Senate governing the Committees. Ajourned.

HOUSE.

The House organized at 11 o'clock. Several bills were sent in from the Senate for concurrence. The rules were suspended, and bills passed to incorporate the Sullivan Land Company; to amend the act incorporating the Freedom Iron and Steel Company; to incorporate the New Castle, Lawrence county, Water Company—capital fifty thousand dollars with authority to supply the borough of New Castle with water.

The former vote on the Senate bill, to fix the hour for the election of United States Senator at 11 o'clock, was reconsidered, and the time fixed at three o'clock.

House and Senate met in Convention, to count the votes on Governor. The returns were read by counties, and certificate signed that Geary received 307,274, and Clymer 290,096 votes.

Petition presented contesting seat of John P. Linton, of Cambria county. The 16th January fixed as time for drawing a jury.

Two messages were received from the Governor, announcing his signature to several local bills, which became laws. Adjourned.

SENATE.

JAN. 11—Mr. Lowry, of Erie, on behalf of the committee on the part of the Senate, stated that there had been nothing to report in reference to the alleged corruption.

Mr. Graham nominated Thomas M. Marshall, of Allegheny, for United States Senator.

Mr. Lowry, an act to incorporate the German Insurance and Trust Company, of Erie.

Mr. Brown, an act to incorporate the Jamestown Cemetery Association.

Mr. Lowry, an act to incorporate the Germania Savings Institution of Erie.

Several nominations for United States Senator were made.

The Constitutional amendments were made the special order for Monday.

Adjourned until Monday evening at seven and half o'clock.

HOUSE

Speaker Glass announced the standing committees for the House:

Ways and Means—Messrs. Waddell, Lee, Quay, McCamant, Wbann, McPherrin, Barton, Marks, Armstrong, Freeborn, Mann, Wilson, Woodward, Wharton, Kinney, Phelan, Westbrook, Chalfant, Boyle, Meyers and Gregory.

Judiciary, General—Messrs. Mann, Mechling, Quay, Waddell, Wingard, Davis, Boyle, Junks and Meyers.

Judiciary, Local—Messrs. McCreary, Barton, Ewing, Harbison, Webb, Allen, Morrell, Craig, Jones, Phelan and Thorp.

Municipal Corporations — Messrs. Freeborn, Worrell, Sharples, M'Creary, M'Camant, Armstrong, Humphrey, Barton, Wilson, Fogel, Hearman, Breen, Junks and Koon.

Counties and Townships—Messrs. Wbann, M'Camant, M'Pherrin, Humphry, Pennypacker, Harbison, Allen, Ewing, Sharples, Wright, Hatzel, Satterthwait, Markley, Collins and Craig.

Railroads—Kerns, Philadelphia; McKee, Pittsburgh; Wbann, Venango; Harbison, Lawrence; Cameron, Susquehanna; Humphrey, Tioga; Marks, Philadelphia; Stumbaugh, Franklin; Davis, Philadelphia; Kimbell, Indiana; Mechling, Armstrong; Pillow, Butler; Stehman, Lancaster; Waddell, Chester; Watt, Philadelphia; Wilson, Pittsburgh; Weller, Somerset; Subers, Philadelphia; Junks, Jefferson; Josephs, Philadelphia; Koon, Luzerne.

Iron and Coal—Messrs. Stumbaugh, Subers, Quay, Davis, DeHaven, Ghegan, M'Kee, Wallace, Marks, Watt, Markley, Quigley, Long, Headman and Westbrook.

Mining and Manufacturing Companies—Messrs. Lee, Ghegan, Warton, Stumbaugh, Hoffman, DeHaven, Shuman, Wallace, Wright, Chadwick, Hunn, Quigley, Josephs, Linton and Mullen.

Corporations—Messrs. Stehman, Allen, Adams, Kinney, Donohugh, Kopp, Kerns, Peters, Roath, Ghegan, Chadwick, Woodward, Long, Chalfant, Markley, Quigley, Josephs, Reade and Harris.

Roads, Bridges and Ferries—Messrs. Hoffman, DeHaven, Roath, Day, Gallagher, Mealy, Richards, Lynch, M'Kee, Chase, Satterthwait, Robinson, Hood, Harner, and Meiss.

Education—Messrs. Sharples, Day, Pillow, Freeborn, Kinney, Armstrong, Ewing, Gordon, Warton, Marks, Craig, Kline, Tharp, Robinson, and Boyd.

Estates and Escheats—Messrs. Mechling, M'Creary, Mann, Quay, Shuman, Wallace, Webb, Wbann, Harbison, Wingard, Jones, Kurtz, Koo, Hood and Long.

Federal Relations—Messrs Davis, Wingard, Mullin, Freeborn, Lee, M'Creary, Mann, Pennypacker, Waddell, Donohugh, Jenks, Phelan, Boyle, Meyers and Tharp.

Pensions and Gratuities—Messrs Wingard, Subers, Weller, Armstrong, Brown, Gallagher, Colvill, Adair, Richards, Barrington, Naish, Calvin, Chalfant, and Fogel,

To Compare Bills—Messrs. Watt, Cameron, Chase, Steacy, Stehman, Boyd, Breen, Brennan and Kurtz

Election Districts—Messrs. Humphrey, Weller, Leech, Brown, Chase, Espy, Kimmell, Cameron, Day, Harner, Kline, Hunt, Jones and Collins.

Agriculture—Messrs. Ewing, Webb, Chadwick, M'Pherrin, Gordon, Peters, Richards, Shuman, Steacy, Wright, Breen, Rouch, Naish, Fogel and Collins.

Vice and Immorality—Messrs. Webb, Hoffman, Leech, Brown, Richards, Mullin, Robinson and Deise.

Public Buildings—Messrs. Meily, Worrall and Kline.

Library—Messrs. Seiler, Sharples, Day, Kennedy, Meily, Steacy, M'Henry, Boyd, Linton and Rhoads.

Military—Messrs. Woodward, Worrall, Allen, Day, Espy, Gallagher, Gordon, Pennypacker, Pillow, Roath, Linton, Westbrook, Rouch, M'Henry and Rhoads.

Divorces—Messrs. Kinney, Ghegan, M'Pherrin, M'Camant, Colville, Donohugh, Hoffman, M'Kee, Seiler, De Haven, Quigley, Markley, Josephs, Satterthwait and Gregory.

Accounts—Messrs. Wallace, Watt, Seiler, Stehman, Wharton, Shuman, Kennedy, Peters, Hetzel, Headman, Harner and Calvin.

Printing—Messrs. Wingard, M'Camant, Colville and Rouch.

Passenger Railways—Messrs. Marks, Freeborn, DeHaven, Adaire, Chadwick, Kerns, Wilson, Seiler, Ghegan, Woodward, Quigley, Gregory, Mullin and Hood.

Banks—Messrs, Cameron, Pennypacker, Adaire, Brown, Donohugh, Chase, Colville, Wright, Kimmell, Steacy, M'Henry, Brennan, Breen, Calvin and Barrington.

Mr. McPherrin nominated Samuel A. Purviance of Pittsburgh, and Mr. Linton nominated Hon. Cyrus L. Pershing, of Cambria, for United States Senator.

PETITION PRESENTED.

A remonstrance of citizens of Beaver against the passage of a law prohibiting the use of petroleum for illuminating purposes.

FRANKLIN TP., Jan. 10, 1867.

Editor Argus: Having had occasion to visit New Brighton several times within the last three weeks, I observed that the County Commissioners have had erected two wrought iron tubular bridges, to supply the places of two wooden ones, which have rotted down—one at what is called Mecklem, on Brush creek, in Marion township, the other at the Piersol or Fombelle saw mill, in North Sewickly tp. These bridges were contracted for, I believe, in October, and they are now up, and passengers are crossing them. They were contracted for and built by Messrs. Bell and Brackinridge, of Butler and Mercer counties—both master mechanics. These bridges do honor to our county, and also to our worthy County Commissioners. They cost not over one-third more than wooden structures, and for durability they will far surpass any wooden bridge that can be built. We out in this quarter of the county feel proud of them. We live in a progressive age, at least so far as bridges are concerned. Yours, X. Y. Z.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Public Sale.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY, No. 1, June T., 1866. JOHN BARLOW vs. William Barlow, Ann Warhurst, David Barlow, Thos. Barlow, Esther Kenyon, Rachel Jackson, Sarah Barnes, John Barlow, Thos. Smith, William, John, Sidney and Jonas Smith, Sarah Hatfield, Wm. Pullen, James Pullen, Mary Whitehead, Esther Woolly, Samuel Parkinson, Lavina Morginson, Jane Ingham, Rachel Darbyshire, Wm. Smith, Jonathan Smith and Jonas Schofield.

SUMMONS IN PARTITION.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, to me directed, under proceedings in partition in the above recited case, I will expose to sale at public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, in New Brighton, on

MONDAY, February 18th, 1867,

at 9 o'clock A. M., the following described lot of ground, being No. 268 in the plan of said borough, bounded on the north by lot 247, east by Bridge street, south by lot 249, and west by Canal street, or towing path, on which is erected a large two-story frame house with brick and stone basement, lot enclosed and planted with fruit trees.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale by the Court, the remaining two-thirds to be paid in two equal annual payments, with interest thereon from the confirmation of sale; the deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money will be required in hand on the day of sale.

J. S. LITTELL, Sh'ff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Beaver, Jan16,'67.

TWO SECOND-HAND PIANOS, that have been used chiefly for teaching, for sale, low. E. T. TAYLOR.

jan16'67.—3t.

SECOND-HAND Bedsteads, Mattresses, Sinks, Tables, Wardrobes, Chairs, Stoves, &c. Inquire of S. J. SMALL, Cabinet Maker, Beaver.

jan16'67.—3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Brittain, late of Darlington tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH BRITTAIN, Chippewa township, Executor.

jan16'67.

C. U. MEYER. THOS. F. SMITH.

C. U. MEYER & Co.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

MANUFACTURERS OF

TIN and SHEET-IRON WARE,

AND DEALERS IN

JAPANNED, PLANISHED & PRESSED WARE,

House Furnishing Articles Generally.

Also, a general assortment of

Hardware,

CONSISTING OF

CARPENTERS', SADDLERS' and SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

Table & Pocket CUTLERY,

SCREWS, BUTTS, LOCKS, STRAP HINGES, &c.

THE BEST CORN SHELLERS IN USE.

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, &c., &c.

Tin Roofing, Spouting and Jobbing done to order.

NO 220 BROADWAY, *NEW BRIGHTON.*

jan16'67—3m.

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of an authority contained in the last will of William Brittain, deceased, the undersigned will sell at public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

TUESDAY, February 26th, 1867,

at 11 o'clock A. M., the valuable farm situate in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pa., the estate of the said William Brittain, dec'd, and on which he resided at the time of his decease, adjoining lands of R. A. Cochran on the north, Rev. J. Johnston on the east, James Caughey on the west, and S. M. Welsh on the south; *containing 45 acres*, all under fence. About 30 acres excellent bottom land, cleared, the balance good land, with a 3 foot vein of coal underneath. Improvements, a good two-story frame house, frame barn, milk house, wash house and other out buildings. Plenty of good never-failing water at the door and in the barn yard, and a good bearing orchard on the premises. Said farm is within one-half mile of Darlington, about two miles from New Galilee Station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad, with schools, churches, grist and saw mills all convenient.

TERMS—Two-fifths of purchase money in hand on confirmation of sale by the Court; balance in two equal, annual payments from that date, with interest thereon from same date; to be secured by bond and mortgage.

For further information, inquire of H. Hice, Esq., Beaver, Pa., or the undersigned, New Brighton, Pa. JOSEPH BRITTAIN, Ex'r of the last will of Wm. Brittain, dec'd.

jan16'67.]

ADJOURNED SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned Trustees appointed by said Court to make sale of the real estate of Rebecca Mulvaney, dec'd, under proceedings in partition of said real estate, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, at the Court House in Beaver, on

SATURDAY, February 2nd, 1867,

at 11 o'clock, A. M., all the following described real estate, situate in said county of Beaver, State of Pennsylvania, viz:

No. 1. Academy lot No. 28, in Bovoughs plan of the Reserve tract, lot No. 29, Georgetown lane, &c., all cleared and under fence, on which are erected the mansion house of the deceased; a large two-story brick dwelling with 8 rooms and hall; frame kitchen attached; good cellar underneath the whole house; good cistern underneath the kitchen. Also a frame dwelling house (two stories) attached with four rooms; a large frame barn (stone basement) 60 by 40 feet, with stabling underneath—all well finished; a brick smoke house, coal house and buggy house; also a two story frame tenant house; a stable, corn house, and other out buildings. The best of orchard on the premises: said premises will be designated as purpart "A" in the plot and panying the return of the inquest making partition as aforesaid.

No. 2. A tract of land in Brighton township, bounded south by the Ohio river, on the west by land of Hugh Anderson, north and east by tract or parcel No. 3, next hereinafter described, containing 179 acres and 15 perches. About 90 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, balance well timbered, well watered, a good bearing apple orchard on the premises, and on which is erected a frame hay house; designated as purpart "C" in the plot and return of the inquest aforesaid.

No. 4. Lot No. 64, in the plan of said lots aforesaid, adjoining lands of Patrick Donovan on the west, lands of D. Minis, on the public alley on the East, the Beaver and Virginia road on the north, and an alley on the south, containing 8 acres and 27 perches, all cleared and enclosed—good bottom land. Designated as purpart "I" in the plot and return aforesaid.

No. 5. Lot No. 15, in the general plan of lots of the Borough of Bridgewater, bounded by Walnut street, Water alley, Spruce street, &c., being 180 by 50 feet, enclosed and planted as purpart "J" in the plot and return aforesaid.

The above embraces a large amount of excellent property in good condition, lying mostly in 2 miles of Beaver; and will be sold separately as above described, or two or more parcels will be sold together.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid upon confirmation of sale by the Court, one-third in one year, and the balance in two years from the date of confirmation, with interest from same time, the deferred instalments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

For further information inquire of the undersigned.

JOS. C. WILSON, } Trustees
JOHN JOHNSTON, }

jan16,'67. Beaver, Beaver county, Pa.

WANTED

AGENTS to dispose of WEIR & SLOAN'S PATENT GAS CONSUMING BURNERS, for the counties of Beaver, Lawrence and others. Also the Burners for sale by JACOB WEAVER, No. 2 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE:

50 SHARES BEAVER COUNTY BANK STOCK. This stock is now paying a good interest on the investment, and is considered the best on Island Run. Inquire at this office.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

January 10th, 1867.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements which appear for the first time in the *Argus* to-day:

☞ Adjourned O. C. Sale—Wilson & Johnson.

☞ Executor's Notice—Joseph Brittain.

☞ Executor's Sale—Joseph Brittain.

☞ Wanted—Joseph Weaver, Jr.

☞ Tin & Sheet Iron ware—Meyer & Smith.

☞ Public Sale—Sheriff Littell.

☞ Pianos—R. T. Taylor.

☞ Bedsteads, Matr's &c—S. J. Small.

☞ WM. BINGHAM, Jr., 54 Fifth st., Pittsburg, is the authorized agent for the Argus in that city.

REV. M'ILVAR'S LECTURE.—Our readers will not fail, we hope, to remember that Rev. M'Ilvar, of New Brighton, lectures to-morrow evening in the M. E. Church of Bridgewater, for the benefit of the destitute poor. Admission 25 cents. Let all attend that possibly can.

COLLECTING TAXES.—A. Robinson, Esq., the Revenue Collector for the 24th District, was in town on Saturday last making collections for this locality. Quite a number of our "solid men" called on Mr. R., while here, and settled with "Uncle Sam."

☞ For thorough instruction by Professional Teachers go to the State Normal School at Edinboro, Erie county, Pa. A term at a good school is of more value than a year as usually spent.

Yesterday was a stirring day at Harrisburg. Gen. Geary was inaugurated as Governor of the State, and Gen. Cameron was also elected at that time to the United States Senate.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Persons residing in New Brighton or vicinity, having business to transact with this office, will please leave their orders at Mr. John F. Price's Variety Store on Main street, opposite Mr. Kennedy's Dry Goods store, and our reporter will call for them.

POCKET-BOOK LOST.—D. L. Anderson, Esq., of Remington, this county, lost a pocket-book somewhere between the bridge over the mouth of the Beaver creek and Remington station, on the 8th inst., containing $108, besides valuable papers.

TRIBUNE ALMANAC.—We have recieved from the publishers, the "Tribune Almanac" for 1867. It contains the official returns of all elections held in the United States and Territories during the past year, besides other statistical matter of great value. Price 20 cts. Address *Tribune* Office, New York.

OTTER SHOT.—On Sunday evening of last week, Mr. William McCowan shot an otter in Little Beaver creek, about two miles from Darlington, in this county. It is said to have been a very large one, and Mr. M. was offered, the next day, $15 for his trophy. Two other otters are said to be in the same vicinity, and we have no doubt but they will attract the attention of sportsman until they meet the fate of their comrade.

A NEW YEARS GIFT.—Richard Walton, Esq., and by the way, a whole-souled, wide-awake Republican of Industry township, made us a New Years present last week of a fine lot of most excellent sorghum, manufactured by himself and family. We appreciate the favor, and Mr. W. may draw on us at sight for anything we can do in the way of returning it.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.—During the early part of last week, on oath of Thomas Welsh, a warrant was issued for the arrest of Isaac Thompson, charged with committing an assault and battery on the person of the former.—Jas. Dunlap, Esq., of Fallston, before whom the oath was made, committed the offending party to the custody of Sheriff Littell, there to await the pleasure of the powers that be.—Isaac is an "American citizen of African descent."

BANK ELECTION.—At an election held January 8, 1867, for Directors of the National Bank of Beaver county, in New Brighton, the following named gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year: John Miner, Benj. Wilde, James Duncan, Milton Townsend, E. E. Heops, Geo. Barker, John Reaves, John Stiles, Mattison Darragh.

WELL PATRONIZED.—Sheriff Little's boarding house is a popular institution, and is better patronized since he has charge of it than ever before. At the present time he has 16 regular guests, and it is not to be presumed that a single one of these will get "huffy" and leave the house before the month of March, at least. They have made up their minds to tarry there until about that time, and we dare say that tarry there they will.

A COLLISION.—On Thursday night last, while a lot of boys were running their sleds down Wilson's hill, near this place, a collision occurred, which knocked one of them, Frank Hall, senseless for some time. He was carried home, and after a half hour or so revived sufficiently to be able to speak again.

EVAPORATION.—It has been reserved for the village of Fallston to develop the laws of Evaporation and its use in preserving milk, butter, meat, &c., perfectly cool and sweet in hot summer weather, without the aid of ice. Dr. Wm. Garrard, of that place, has received Letters Patent for his Evaporation Cooler, which will be ready for market in the Spring, and will be a desideratum to those who cannot obtain ice.

A SAD ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last a little son of Mrs. Ross, who lives in this place, met with a misfortune by which one of his legs was broken, and by which he has probably received other injuries of an internal character. He had been playing on the Main street with his sled, and discovering a team hitched to a large sled, and at a stand at the time, he fastened his own rig to it, and seated himself to take a ride. Behind him was a wagon fastened to the same conveyance, and when the team started and had gone some distance, the little fellow's sled became loosened, and the wagon wheels passed over his leg, breaking it, as we have before observed. He is but five or six years of age, and suffers very much pain from his injuries.

THE WEATHER.—The weather for the last four or five weeks has been as pleasant winter weather as we ever remember having seen.—The snow has been from three to six inches deep during all this time, and the temperature never unpleasantly cold. This state of things brought out all the sleighing rig force of the country, and the jingle of bells since then has been as constant and uninterrupted as the Democracy's fight with the "nigger" has been for the last six or eight years.

☞ The *Local* of last week, with the exception of Wharton's effusions, was a tolerable good issue. This, no doubt arises from the fact that it condensed and published the local news of the *Argus* of two days before. We have no objection to this, particularly, but submit that it would savor a little of manliness to give us credit for these items; or if no credit is given, they should at least be inserted as they appeared in our paper. Please don't distort or change them again.

BROUGHT TO JAIL.—On last Sunday night, at about 9 P. M., Joseph Johnston, of Hopewell township, was brought to jail on a commitment of Justice Irons, of the same township. Joseph had been acting the part of a "gay Lothario" with one, Sarah Ann Young, who had him arrested, and in default of bail, he was sent to prison. Johnston is a married "feller," and we presume the charge of adultery and bastardy will be brought and maintained against him.

BOROUGH ELECTION.—At the election held in New Brighton on Tuesday of last week, for borough officers, the following gentlemen were selected:

Burgess—Benjamin Bedison.

Assistant Burgess—C. U. Meyer.

Town Council—Charles M. Merrick; J. C. Calhoun, Samuel Dunbar, Jas. Edgar, Joseph Reeves, E. H. Alexander, David Magaw.

School Directors—F. W. Williams, John Tinsman.

Auditor—J. K. Mitchell.

Assessor—Daniel Magaw.

Assistant Assessors—Jos. Alexander, Jos. Reeves.

Constable—Abijah M'Clain.

High Constable—James Craven.

Judge of Election—Benjamin R. Bradford.

Inspectors—C. K. Chamberlin Milo M. Miller.

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF.—Four or five boys of this place, who have lately been in the habit of annoying passengers at the rail road depot, were last week arrested for malicious mischief, and had a hearing before Justice J. C. Wilson. Owing to the fact that this was the first time that they were before the Justice, his Honor let them off rather easily upon payment of the costs, but he took occasion to remind them that, should they again be brought before him on a similar charge he should consider it his duty to have them recognized to court.

Boys should now take fair warning that in some of these matters forbearance has ceased to be a virtue, and citizens of the town are determined that in the future such practice shall not be indulged in with impunity, but in every case they may expect the full penalty of the law to be rigidly enforced.

We omit the publication of their names this time, but we have them, and we shall upon a repetition of the offense not withhold them.

INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS.—The proceedings of several of the Teacher's Institute meetings were sent us, at different times, a short time ago, and some of them with the request that we publish the same and then either hand the manuscript to the *Local*, or request it to copy from the *Argus*. A friend from the country now writes to us and wishes to know if we complied with the request; and if *so*, why these proceedings never appeared in that paper?—We answer:—We recollect of but two instances wherein we were requested to do this, and in one of these we sent a hand of this office up to the *Local* with the manuscript, and in the other we rquested that paper to copy, as will be seen in the *Argus* of the 2d. We cannot tell why neither of them ever appeared in the *Local*, unless it is as "Petroleum V. Nasby" declares that the "Dimocracy and the spellin-book have no affinity," and therefore everything pertaining to education is necessarily ruled out of "Dimekratic papers." This is only our opinion, however, and we give it for what it is worth.

BUSINESS AT SMITH'S FERRY.—Persons residing at this place, but who have been attending to interests recently at Smith's Ferry, assure us that business has not for a long time been as dull there and at Island Run, as it is at present. The low price of oil, the winter weather and the high rates of transportation from the wells to the public thoroughfares, all combine to bring about a stagnation in business there that has been unparralleled for a couple of years past. When the price of crude takes a permanent upward turn, and "old sol" takes a few more northern strides, and teamsters become possessed again of consciences, we expect to see business prospects reviving in that locality, and the old "get up and dust" order of things reinstated.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.—The report of the President of this company, J. N. McCullough, Esq., for the fiscal year ending Nov. 20th, 1866, shows the road to be in a most prosperous condition. The receipts for the year were as follows:

From passengers	$ 888,922 88
From freight	1,498,681 56
From miscellaneous sources	64,851 40
From surplus earnings Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago	256,965 73
Total	$2,607,971 56

EXPENSES.

For account of motive power and cars	$627,889 08
For maintenance of way and structures	494,567 48
For transportation expenses	869,814 37
For general expenses	204,857 69
Total	$1,697,178 40
Leaving as net earnings	$910,192 03

MARRIED:

On Jan. 10, 1867, by Rev. John Brown, of Freedom, Mr. WILLIAM YOUNG to Miss JANE L. NEELY, both of Allegheny county, Pa.

On Jan. 1st, 1867, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. Jas. M. Shields, Mr. THOMAS J. JOHNSON, of Smith's Ferry, to Miss MARGARET BANE, of Industry.

On Jan. 12th, 1867, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Cummings, Mr. JOHN C. DUNN to Miss MARTHA B. SHROADS, all of Beaver county, Pa.

Senatorial Caucus.

HARRISBURG, January 10, 1867.

The Senatorial caucus organized at eight o'clock, in the hall of the House.

Senator Bigham moved to adjourn the nomination to Monday evening.—Lost, by a vote of fifty four to twenty-eight.

A ballot was then taken on the nomination of Senator Simon Cameron, and received forty six votes. Gen. Geary twenty three; Stevens, Curtin and Hale five; absent, from Lancaster, 2—total, 83. The following is the vote:

	FOR CAMERON.	
Brown, (Mercer.)	Hofman,	Mealling,
Coleman,	Humphrey,	Melly,
Connell,	Kennedy,	Miller,
Cowles,	Kerr,	Sharpless,
Graham,	Kimmell,	Thuman,
Haines,	Kinney,	Stumbaugh,
Landon,	McCamant,	Subers,
Barton,	McKee,	Waddell,
Brown, (Juniata.)	Lowry,	Weller,
Cameron,	McConaughy,	Wham,
Chadwick,	Ridgway,	Woodward,
De Haven,	Stutzman,	Worrell,
Donehough,	Worthington,	Wright,
Freeborn,	Hall, (Speaker)	Glass, (Sp.)
Gheqan,	Mann,	
Harbison,	Marks,	
	FOR GEARY.	
Adair,	Ewing,	White,
Allen,	Gallagher,	Pennypacker,
Chase,	Gordon,	Peters,
Colville,	Lee,	Piller,
Davis,	McCreary,	Quay,
Day,	Royer,	Wallace,
Espey,	Taylor,	Watt,
Wharton,	Wingard.	
	FOR STEVENS.	
Bigham	Richards,	Storey,
Armstrong,	Routh,	Stokman,
Wilson.		
	FOR CROW.	
Browne, of Lawrence,	Shoemaker,	Webb,
	Leech,	McPherrin.

On the announcement of the above vote, Cameron's nomination was made unanimous on motion of M. S. Quay, of Beaver.

"The Sainted Lincoln Business."

Editor Argus: Although the shots of "Berdan" are characterized by the *Local* as "scattering and demoralized," it is evident that some of them fell in such close proximity as to cause uneasiness in his present position. A brave soldier like the *Local* man should pay no heed to the wild shooting of a demoralized enemy, but reserve his amunition for another occasion.

My quotation, "benefit of clergy," from English criminal law, appears to be all Greek to him. We supposed he was sufficiently conversant with the language of Blackstone to understand the phrase as used, but instead of that being the case, he seizes upon it to launch out in a tirade of abuse and vilification of the class of men embraced in the term *clergy*. I wonder what harm the "clergy" ever did him? If he ever came within hearing of their voice, he may have had his feelings hurt. Undoubtedly he never would forgive them if they had chanced to preach from that passage of Scripture, "If the *righteous* scarcely be saved, where shall the *ungodly* and the *sinner* appear? or from one of those other passages that speak of *charity*, &c. He is evidently seeking *notoriety*, and hopes to draw out some of that large, influential and respectable class of professional men, so that he might appear for once in good company.

He says, "Berdan intimates his doubt as to hell." Not a bit of it. If I had ever had any doubts on that subject, the fact that such specimens of humanity as he are permitted to pass through this world without special punishment, would convince me of the absolute necessity of a place of punishment in the future. In the Divine economy, which is founded in justice, it could not be otherwise. Peter Cartwright relates that once when he was dining with General Jackson, a young sprig of a would-be infidel who was present, kept annoying him by asking questions, and finally asked him "if he really believed there was such a place as hell?" Mr. Cartwright replied that he did. The old General who had been sitting in silence till then, directing his remarks to the young scoffer said, "I am glad there is just such a place as hell." "Why so?" asked the scoffer. "Why," said the General, "to punish such scoundrels as you, who vilify the Christian religion, and endeavor to bring it into contempt."—The young man, feeling the justice of the reply, subsided. But we are not verdant enough to suppose that such a rebuke—even if administered by General Jackson, would penetrate the alligator hide of the *Local* man.

"Berdan" is likened unto an ass.—Why should the editor stoop so low as to criticise the braying of an ass?—The presumption is that if he had supposed us to be an ass—one of the long eared species—he would have been more guarded in his attack, fearing that he might hurt the feelings of his father or some other near relative.

In three different numbers of the *Local* it is asserted boldly that Lincoln is now in hell—must be in hell suffering the torments of the damned, &c.—This is more than could be expected even from a copperhead sheet of the lowest grade. It is true the same pack of hounds followed at his heels through life, snarling and snapping at his every step, but he heeded them not. The same slimy serpents, with venomous tongues protruding from their mouths, lay in his path, but he heeded them not. Even when they fastened upon him he shook them off, as Paul did the viper, feeling no harm. If Lincoln had been destitute of every moral principle, if he had failed to discharge those duties which he owed to his God and to his country, now that he has gone to his reward, we had supposed that even a political opponent would have permitted his faults to remain hidden from the public gaze, under the mantle that covers his earthly remains. Christian charity and a proper regard for the feelings of the living would have dictated such a course.

And here let me say in conclusion, that if the editor of the *Local* deems himself that the intelligent portion of his readers will approve his course, and justify the manner in which he has outraged public feeling, let him be so once and forever undeceived.

BERDAN.

DIED:

On the 26th inst., in Raccoon township, Beaver county, Pa., Mr. JAMES KING, aged 76 years.

On Jan. 7, 1867, in the 77th year of his age, Mr. ROBERT M'CAMANT, a ruling elder in the Presbyterian church of Darlington, with great acceptance to the people. In all his deportment in the church he was faithful, and a man of undoubted piety and strict integrity. The church, the community, where he lived, a large family, and a large circle of relations mourn his loss. B. L. B.

On the 10th inst., in Bridgewater, Pa., Col. JOSEPH VEAL, in the 73d year of his age.

BEAVER MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY WM. ORR.

Flour per bbl		$ 14 00
Dried Apples per bus		2 00
do Peaches	"	3 00
Wheat	"	2 00
Corn	"	75
Oats	"	45
Flax Seed,	"	2 25
Beans,	"	2 00
Potatoes,	"	80
Onions,	"	1 50
Corn Meal,	"	100
Eggs,	per doz.	30
Butter,	per lb.	30
Hams,	"	12
Shoulders,	"	10
Sides,	"	11
Tallow,	"	12½
Lard,	"	12
Candles,	"	20
Molasses,	per gall.	1 00
Carbon oil,	"	70

PETROLEUM MARKET.

The oil market during the past week has been inactive in Pittsburgh. Buyers and sellers were too far apart in their figures to accomplish transactions. Crude was selling at 9 cts. per gallon. Sales small, supply small, and Allegheny river navigation closed.

At Oil City prices were unchanged. Business quiter than ever known before.

At Island Run crude was a little better than our last quotation. At the wells several lots were disposed of at $2.50 per barrel—being an advance of 15 cts since our last report.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the people of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE

in the building in which the Feed Store is now kept, on THIRD STREET, BEAVER, PA., where will be found an excellent assortment of

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDLES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

Bedsteads, Washing Machines, Tinware, and in fact every article usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

In connection with his Grocery, he intends to keep his Flour and Feed Store, where the best articles in this line are constantly kept, and offered cheap for Cash or Produce.

jan9.67:1y. SIMON SNITGER.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE undersigned has associated with him in the WATCH, CLOCK, AND JEWELRY BUSINESS, at the corner of Broadway and Apple Streets, New Brighton, Pa., Capt. W. L. Bedison, who will be one of the partners of the firm in the future. Persons having claims against me will please present them for payment, and those knowing themselves indebted will please call and settle without delay, as the books must be closed immediately. C. F. WINTER.

jan9'67:6t

C. F. WINTER. W. L. BEDISON.

WINTER AND BEDISON,

(Successors to C. F. Winter,)

DEALERS in WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARES, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

☞ Special attention given to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Store: Cor. Broadway & Apple sts,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA. jan9'67

HARDWARE STORE!!

J. S. WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS, MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

COAL SHOVELS, STRAW CUTTERS,

ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, AND PUTTY.

AGENT FOR

HENDERSON BROTHERS' CELEBRATED AND NEW PRICED FIRE BRICK WORKS.

jan9.67.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT

Of The National Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, Jan. 7th, 1867.

ASSETS.

Loans and discounts	$119,012 40
" " under Protest	2,750 00
U. S. B'ds deposited with U. S. Treas.	100,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	50,000 00
Furniture and office fixtures	2,953 96
Expense Account	337 35
Real Estate	1,500 00
Due by banks	67,758 82
Coin	1,995 22
Legal Tender notes, bank notes & checks	67,423 59
	$413,826 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$150,000 00
National circulation	87,770 00
Circulation B'k Beaver Co.	155 00
Dividends unpaid	9,325 37
Contingent fund	7,000 00
Due Depositors	160,667 98
Discount, exchange & int'st	897 79
	$413,826 14

I certify that the above is a true abstract of the Quarterly returns sent to the Comptroller of the currency.

EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

CHAS A. DICKEY.....R. A. WILSON.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

Bargains!

GRAND CLOSING OUT

OF

Boots and Shoes

IN BEAVER!

WILSON & DICKEY WOULD RESPECTfully inform the public in general of their intention to close out their extensive stock of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes, to prepare for a Spring Stock, consisting of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

which will be sold at cost, or below cost, as we are bound to keep up the trade, and that to the entire satisfaction of our customers.—*All goods warranted.*

DICKEY & WILSON,
2 Doors East
of C. B. Anderson's Store,
Beaver, Pa.

jan2,67.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

THE undersigned having established himself in Rochester, Pa., announces to the citizens of that place and vicinity that he is prepared to take Photographs, Ambrotypes, &c., &c., in the best possible manner, and at prices much below that charged by the generality of artists. For light-eyed persons, cloudy days are preferable.

Terms: Card Photographs, of every style, $1,75 per dozen; $1,00 per half dozen. Ambrotypes from 25 to 50 cts. each, without case; with case, from 50 cents to $2,50. All work guaranteed. A. TAYLOR.

jan2,'67.

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

AT

GEALY'S

NEW MILLINERY,

TRIMMING

AND HOSE EMPORIUM,

CORNER BRIDGE & MARKET STS.

BRIDGEWATER.

Millinery

Of every description, cheaper than the cheapest. Velvet and Silk Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Ornaments, &c.

A JOB LOT of Ladies and Misses Hats.—Very Cheap. Call and see them.

Trimmings,

of all kinds, for Dresses and Cloaks, Gimps, Cords, Laces, Buttons, &c.

BALMORAL & HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETTS, BEETS, BUCKLES, &c.

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, MENS' KNIT COATS.

LADIES' CLOTHS, ALL COLORS,

Very cheap.

Cotton Batting, Country Flannels, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gents' and Ladies' Paper Collars,

Hosiery & Gloves,

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

Cheaper than ever. Call and see.

WOOLEN GOODS.

Scotch Knit Shawls, Hoods Nubias, Sontags Square and Long Shawls.

SHOES,

Selling off at less than cost!

MILLINERY.

Kossuth Shawls and Shawls, Cheap.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making on short notice.

Men's shirts made to order. Machine stitching.

☞ CALL AND SEE ME.

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.

☞ Remember the place—corner Bridge and Market Sts., Bridgewater.

WM. GEALY.

Grand Opening!

FOR THE

Fall Trade

OF 1866,

AT

F. A. Fortune's

CHEAP

DRY GOODS STORE,

IN THE

DIAMOND, ROCHESTER.

Our prices will astonish all who favor us with a call.

Goods of every description sold Cheaper than ever.

Brown Muslins at 10 cts
Bleached do 12 1-2
Good Prints, 12 1-2 a. 15.

Pants Stuffs,
Tickings,
Checks,
Ginghams,
Prints,
Canton Flannels,
Red & Yellow Flannels,
Barred & Striped do
Balmoral Skirts,
Hoop do
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Trimmings,
Ribbons,
Millinery Goods,
Etc., etc, etc.

The prices of the above Goods we warrant less than the same class of Goods can be bought for west of the mountains.

Dress Goods in endless variety,
French Merines,
Coburgs,
Delaines,
Poplins,
Plaids,
Cashmeres,
Etc., etc., etc.,
Cheaper than ever!

Blankets and Blanket Shawls,

At great bargains.

Remember the place:

FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

Come everybody, and see for yourselves before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

S. J. CROSS & CO.,

Second door above the Railroad,

NEW YORK STREET,

ROCHESTER, PA.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

A Complete and well Assorted Stock of

Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLIN,
BRIDES, GINGHAMS,
DeLAINES, ALPACCAS,
COBURGS, FRENCH MERINOS,
FLANNELS, Plain and Barred,
WOOL DeLAINES, all Colors,
BLACK SILK, TICKING,
TABLING, TOWELING,
CHECKS, JEANS,
TWEEDS, SATINETS,
CASSIMERE, BROADCLOTH,
CLOAKING,

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

HATS AND CAPS,

Men's and Boys'—a large stock of the latest styles.

BOOTS & SHOES,

Men's, Women's and childrens Gum Shoes, Carpet Shoes, &c., &c.

Ready-Made Clothing,

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Hardware.

A large and well assorted stock, consisting of

CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, of all Kinds,

BUILDING HARDWARE, BUTTS,
STRAP HINGES, SCREWS,
SHUTTER HINGES, BOLTS,
LOCKS, NAILS, &c.

Window Glass,

Of all sizes, single and double strength.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Paid to filling orders of Carpenters, Contractors and Builders for

HARDWARE,
GLASS AND NAILS,
LINSEED OIL,
BENZINE,
COAL'S PATENT DYER,
WHITE LEAD,
PUTTY,
PAINTS OF ALL COLORS,
GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.

Painters will do well to examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Groceries.

A fresh and full supply constantly on hand at very lowest prices.

Choice Brands of

FLOUR,

IN BARRELS AND SACKS.

CARBON OIL,

LARD OIL,

QUEENSWARE,

STONE WARE, &c., &c.

☞ All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

All kinds of grain and country produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ S. J. CROSS is Conveyancer—Agent of Samuel Simes and the Rochester Land Co.—Also Agent of the Merchants' Union Express Company.

Remember the place:

CROSS' STORE,

BRICK BUILDING ABOVE THE RAILROAD,

NEW YORK STREET,

Rochester, Pa.

jan7.67—1yr.

New Store!

New Goods!

New Firm!!

THE subscriber begs leave to announce to the citizens of Beaver county that they have formed a co-partnership under the name and style of

NELSON & ROESSLER,

for the purpose of carrying on the

Dry Goods Trade

in all its various branches. The large and entire fresh stock will comprise the latest and most desirable style of

DRESS GOOODS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FRENCH MERINOS,
COBURGS,
SHAWLS,
HOODS,
SCARFS,

and a full assortment of

Domestic Goods.

All of the above Goods have been purchased at Eastern Markets, for CASH, which will enable us to sell them at the lowest prices.—Our assortment being unusually large, we would especially invite the ladies to at least give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we guarantee to sell goods at lower rates than any house in Pittsburg.

Very respectfully,

NELSON & ROESSLER,

In the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned will sell at public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

Wednesday, January 30th, 1867,

at 1 o'clock P. M., all that farm or tract of land situate in Darlington tp., Beaver county, Pa., the estate of Samuel Gilliland, late of said township, dec'd., bounded as follows, viz: On the north by land of Henry Veon, on the east by land of Joseph Douthitt, on the south by lands of John Cain and Samuel Reed, and on the west by land of John M'Clure; containing 122 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation; on which are erected a good two story frame dwelling house with cellar underneath and frame kitchen and dining room attached, a frame bank barn, with stone basement, a large log stable and other out-buildings.—Premises well watered. About 2½ miles distant from Darlington; and the same distance from Enon Station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R.R.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, the balance in two equal, annual payments, from the date of the confirmation of the sale by the court, with interest; back payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

jan2'67. SAMUEL PATTERSON,
JOHN M'CLURE,
Administrators of Samuel Gilliland, dec'd.

LOOK HERE!

NO NECESSITY FOR GOING OUTSIDE OF BEAVER TO GET GOOD GROCERIES!

THE undersigned having purchased the Grocery Store of Anderson & Son, (formerly occupied by Joseph C. Wilson,) takes pleasure in informing the Public that he is about refitting the store and replenishing the stock, and in the future will keep

All Kinds of Groceries,

which he will sell at the Lowest Prices possible. None but the best articles in the market kept.

It is the desire of the undersigned to please all who may favor him with their patronage.

Dec. 26, '66:3m HENRY FEICHT.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber, wishing to close up his business in Beaver, offers the following property for sale: One house and lot, with stable and other out-buildings, situated on north-east corner of Diamond; also one new house and lot adjoining school lot. Said house is just finished in the latest and best style, containing eight rooms.

Also, the house wherein he now resides, situated on the bank of the Ohio river, said house contains twelve rooms being refitted anew in the best style, and in good order. Lot contains stable, coal house, stone smoke house, wash house and ware house, together with all kinds of fruit and shrubbery. Immediate possession given.

Also, two out lots, containing about seven acres, being well watered, and is well calculated for pasture or grain.

The above property will be sold cheap and terms made easy. For particulars, inquire of

dec26'66—3t. JOSEPH ANDERSON, On the premises.

DRY Flooring and weather boarding, at quantities to suit purchasers, for sale in July4:1y. J. & H. DARRAGH'S, Sharon.

AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER

DRUGS,
Medicines,
CHEMICALS
PURE
LIQUORS, WINES
And Brandies,
Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES,

PATENT MEDICINES

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills, 75 cents per box; Cheeseman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of

Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns, Stationery, Window Glass and Putty.

ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more

Dec18,'65. J. MOORE.

APPLICATIONS FOR THE NEW BOUNTY.

OF

One Hundred Dollars

DUE SOLDIERS OF 1861-62 & 63,

SHOULD BE FILED BEFORE APRIL 1st, 1867.

APPLY AT ONCE TO

Arthurs & Riddle,

U. S. CLAIM AGENTS,

135 Fourth St.,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ We will, if desired, attend *personally* in such localities as may be requested for the purpose of receiving these applications. [dec5

ANDREW WRAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

PRACTICING IN THE SEVERAL COURTS OF BEAVER COUUTY, will promptly attend to all kinds of legal business in this or counties adjoining.

Collections will be expeditiously made in all amounts upon all sorts of claims, either in this county and State or in more distant localities.

In Conveyancing, immediate attention will be given to the drawing of bonds, deeds, leases, articles of agreement, to the furnishing of abstracts of title, and to the careful preparation of all sorts of legal instruments.

Mortgages, judgments and other securities in all sums bought or sold.

☞ Office in building of Jos. C. Wilson, Esq. nearly opposite Moore's Drug Store. Third Street, Beaver, Pa. [aug 15,'66.

E. EDMUNDSON. W. R. BATEMAN. T. C. PERRINE.

E. EDMUNDSON & CO.

UPHOLSTERERS,

Nos. 96 & 98 Third st (near Wood)

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacture and keep on hand every articl in their line, viz:

Curtain Goods, Lace Curtains, Cornices, Mouldings, Curtain Trimmings, Window Shades, Bedding, Pillows and Bolsters, Comforts, Blankets, Sheets and Slips, Cots, Springs and Mattresses of all kinds.

Steamboats and Hotels furnished on short notice.

ALSO DEALERS IN

Wall Papers,

DECORATIONS, ETC.

dec19:4mo

FLOUR.

A CHOICE LOT of Extra Family Flour just received and for sale by the bbl. or sack, at

A. S. HARVEY'S, Bridgewater.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Wm. Scott, Sr., late of Brighton township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. W. SCOTT,
J. M. SCOTT, } Executors,
dec26'66 Brighton tp.

C. C. ALGEO,

DEALER IN

AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES,

DIAMONDS

AND FINE JEWELY,

SILVER SPOONS AND FORKS,

FINE TABLE KNIVES,

SILVER PLATED WARE,

FRENCH CLOCKS & BRONZES,

AMERICAN CLOCKS,

Fancy Goods, &c.

☞ Special attention given to the repairing of all kinds of Watches.

No. 22, FIFTH STREET,
mar14'66—1y] *Pittsburg, Pa.*

PH. R. MERTZ,

118 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH,

BANKER & BROKER,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

GOLD, SILVER & COUPONS.

☞ Highest price paid for COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES. [aug1'66:1y.

THOMPSON AND GROETZINGER.

NO. 116, FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA,

Are now receiving a large and elegant stock of

PLAIN & FANCY SILKS,

SILK POPLINS,

French Merinos,

SHAWLS,

CLOAKS & FURS

Of Every Description.

They also offer an entire New Stock of

CARPETINGS & OIL CLOTHS,

All of the newest designs at reduced rates. Nov.21'66.3m

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE undersigned has been appointed agent for the Ætna Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., and likewise for the Niagara Insurance Company of New York, and the Enterprise Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

Each of these Companies insure dwellings, out-buildings, Stores, Manufactories, &c., &c. against loss by fire, on favorable terms, for five years or less.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid when the insurance is effected. All business connected with either of these companies attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

JOS. M'CLURE, Agent.
aug22,'66—1y. Beaver, Pa.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscribers, agents for the heirs of John Reed, late of Industry township, Beaver county, dec'd., offer for sale the home farm of said deceased, situate in Industry township, aforesaid, about two and one-half miles from Industry, on the Ohio river and the C. & P. Railroad, bounded by Alex. Ewing, Samuel Hoyt, George Stoddard, heirs of Milo Reed, dec'd., and Wm. Gaily; containing two hundred acres, more or less, about one hundred and sixty acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation. Two dwelling houses on the farm, (one frame and one hewed log) one double log barn, stable, wagon shed, granery, &c

Two good orchards on the premises. A good well at the door of one dwelling house, and a good spring near the other, and farm well watered.

For terms and further particulars inquire of the subscriber.

MILO REED,
Fallston, Beaver co., or
HARVEY REED,
dec19:7t on the premises.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers his Farm, consisting of 200 ACRES OF LAND, for sale.—About eighty acres of said farm is in Pulaski Township, and the balance in New Sewickly Township. The whole farm is under fence, and about one-half of it cleared. There is a good frame house and three good frame barn on the property, together with all other necessary out-buildings. The land is well watered, has two good orchards upon it, is convenient to schools and churches, and is only about five miles from Beaver, the county seat. The farm can be conveniently divided into smaller tracts to suit purchasers.

nov21,'66. JAS. C. FERGUSON.

PEACE! PEACE!

TO have peace in the family buy your flour of A. S. Harvey. A *Prime* article of *Extra Family* on hand and for sale by the bbl. or sack.

A. S. HARVEY, Bridgewater.

A LARGE lot of Dry Boards, and an excellent assortment of Shingles constantly on hand and for sale, at

july4:1y J. & H. DARRAGH'S, Sharon.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH BY BUYING Pure Medicines

AT

LOUIS BREHM & CO.,

ROCHESTER, PA.

(One door from Patterson Dry Goods Store,)

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS and

FINE LIQUORS,

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,

PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

NEAT'S FOOT OIL,

SPERM OIL,

LARD OIL,

CARBON OIL,

AND

PURE AND SECOND QUALITY

WHITE LEAD:

Also, FINE TOILET SOAPS,

ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,

THE BEST PERFUMERY,

FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,

AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS

FOR THE HAIR,

All kinds of Patent Medicines always on hand.

Also, CIGARS & TOBACCO,

My entire stock has been purchased for cash and is offered at the very Lowest Prices.

☞ As I am a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon having their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only.*

LOUIS BREHM & CO.

Aug. 29th, 1866—1y.

A. S. Harvey,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

Has received a fresh supply of

Cranberries,	Hominy
Canned Peaches,	Turkey Prunes,
" Tomatoes,	Layer Raisins,
" Green Corn,	Seedless Raisins,
" Plums,	English Currants,
Dried Corn,	Goshen Cheese,
" Peaches,	Sweet Potatoes,
Pickles,	No. 1 Mackerel.

Also, a prime assortment on Teas, Sugar, and Coffee.

☞ Terms, strictly CASH.

A. S. HARVEY,
nov22 Bridge street, Bridgewater.

Trustee's Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, the undersigned, Trustee appointed by said Court to make sale of the real estate of Joseph Alcorn, late of Moon township, in said county, dec'd., for the benefit of the Common Schools of said township, will expose to public vendue or outcry, upon the premises, on

Wednesday, January 30th, 1867,

at 1 o'clock P. M., all the following described tract of land, late the estate of Joseph Alcorn, dec'd., situate in Moon township, in said county of Beaver, State of Pennsylvania, to wit: All that tract, bounded on the north by the lots of the borough of Freedom, on the east by land formerly of Henry Alcorn, on the south by lands of R. Alcorn and others, on the west by lands of R. Alcorn, Jacob Vogt and Jacob Wagner, containing about 247 acres, about 175 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, the balance well timbered; a log house and log barn on the premises. This is a very desirable farm—gently rolling, soil excellent, well watered, &c. It is within ½ mile of the Ohio river, ½ of a mile of the Rochester Station, at the junction of the Pitts. Ft. W. & C. and C. & P. Railroads, 25 miles from Pittsburgh. It will be sold as a whole or divided to suit purchasers into two parcels, by a line running in a northern and southern direction through it, making the eastern division to contain about 100 acres and the western division about 147 acres. Possession given April 1, 1867.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale by the Court, balance in two equal, annual instalments, with interest from that date, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

For further information inquire of the undersigned, residing in Moon township aforesaid, or by letter at Water Cure, Beaver county, Pa.

DANIEL B. SHORT,
dec26'66:3t Trustee.

NEW BARBER-SHOP.

SHAVING, HAIR-CUTTING, SHAMPOOING, &C.

JOHN B. WILLIAS having removed his shop from Bridgewater to Beaver, wishes to inform his former customers and the public generally, that he is now to be found in a

Room Adjoining the National House,

where he will carry on in his former good and fashionable style. By close attention to busines, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Those wishing a clean, smooth shave, or hair cut in a fashionable style, just step in and give John a trial, and he feels satisfied that he can please them. [aug

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SAW MILL AND BOAT YARD FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Saw Mill and Boat Yard, in Industry, Beaver county, Pa. The mill is in good running order, and the Boat Yard is particularly large for the building of all classes of boats. If not sold by the 1st of April, 1867, the property will be for rent.

nov21'66. WILLIAM CAIRNS

FALL & WINTER BOOTS & SHOES.

WILSON & STEWART,

WOULD respectfully inform the public, that they have just received, direct from the manufacturers, the largest and best selected FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Boots and Shoes.

GAITERS, SLIPPERS and OVERSHOES,

that have ever been brought to this county. We would particularly call attention to our stock of

Mens' heavy kip, tap and double sole steel heeled Boots. French Calf, double sole and double upper sewed scotch bottom Boots.

Boys' Youths' and Children's heavy kip, tap and double sole copper tiped and steel heeled Boots.

Ladies' French kid and Morocco polish Boots, Balmorals and Gaiters of the latest styles.

Misses and Children's pegged and sewed polish Boots and Balmorals, of the latest styles, and a great variety of Children's copper tip. shoes.

Which we will sell *Wholesale and Retail*, as cheap, if not cheaper, than they can be bought in the city of Pittsburg.

We would respectfully invite purchasers to call and examine our stock, compare our prices with other dealers, and satisfy themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All Goods Warranted.

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
Oct3'65.—1y. ROCHESTER, PA.

Fall & Winter GOODS!

I HAVE just received a new stock of Goods, of the

LATEST STYLES,

FOR FALL & WINTER WEAR

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Constantly on hand

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.

Wm. REICH,

Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,

oct10'66 BRIDGEWATER.

Dr. E. C. Pruyn,

ELECTIC PHYSICIAN

AND

Medical Electrician,

Office over Hannen's Drug Store,

Opposite Steamboat Landing, Rochester, Pa.,

SUCCESSFULLY treats all Chronic Diseases, Palsy, Deafness, Blindness, Rheumatism, St. Vitus' Dance, Dyspepsia, Cancer, and all the old knotty diseases that are the curse of the old school Physicians, as it proves their inability to eradicate, are by this scientific method comparatively easy of cure. A SPECIMEN OF CANCER OF LARGE GROWTH may be seen at Dr. Hannen's Drug Store by those interested, and references given of the cure of other Chronic diseases. Particular attention given to Female Complaints and Private Diseases.

N. B.—Mercury and Calomel are not used by the Doctor. [nov21'66—3mos.

BRIDGEWATER

Marble Works.

D. WOODRUFF,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, &c., made to order.

Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Shop opposite Dr. Smith's Drug Store, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

July 25, '66:1y D. WOODRUFF.

$1,500 PER YEAR!

We want Agents everywhere to sell our improved $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements and the *seller or user are liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

may16,'66. [1aw1y.

WM. B. CLARKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 85 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURG, PA

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO Collections, and the purchase and sale of Real Estate. And will also attend to the business of his profession in Beaver Co. [ap26

WHEELER'S Improved Water Drawer, for sale at

july4:1y J. & H. DARRAGH'S, Sharon.

BUILDING, Bridge, or other timber, sawed to order on short notice, at

july4:1y J. & H. DARRAGH'S, Sharon.

GARDNER'S DRY GOODS!

FURS!

Cloaks & Shawls!

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!!

WE have just received one of the Largest and most Complete Stock of

DRY GOODS

Ever offered to the public in this city.

Also, a splendid assortment of

Ladies', Misses and Children's

FURS & SHAWLS,

All qualities, styles and prices, at greatly reduced rates.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, &c.

The Largest Stock and best Assortment of Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Matts, &c., ever offered,

and at extremely low prices.

Persons in want of anything in our line, would do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell our stock at prices which will astonish all.

☞ *Remember the place:*

DUNLAP, LUKER & CO.,
136 Federal st, 4 doors below Market-house,
oct31:tja11] ALLEGHENY CITY.

BARBER,

HAIR-DRESSER, &C.

JAMES BRUIN is happy to announce to his old customers, that he has been discharged from the service of the United States, and opened a shop in the frame building adjoining Wm. Orr's Store. Ladies' hair cut in the most approved style. He trusts his old friends will renew their patronage. Having carried the flag of the 45th Reg. U. S. C. T. for almost a year, in the battles around Petersburg, he thinks himself entitled to a fair share of the public patronage.

He has also opened a branch shop in a room in the north part of the Market House, in Bridgewater, which will be kept open at all seasonable hours.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair-cutting and Shampooing promptly attended to, and executed in the most approved style. [se28'66ly

---

PITTSBURG NATIONAL PLOW CO.,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

ARE MANUFACTURING all the Varieties of

Steel and Cast Iron Plows

and would call the attention of the Farmers of Beaver county, wishing to purchase Plows or Plow Points, to the Superior Finish and Quality of our Work.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED ☜

The Points and Landslides fit the corresponding numbers of Pittsburg plows.

☞ Old plow castings bought. [apr18:1y

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Successors to S. Jones & Co.,

Cor. of Wood & Fourth Streets,

PITTSBURG, PA.,

Bankers & Brokers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

FOREIGN EXCHANGE,

Gold & Silver Coupons,

Highest rate paid for Compound Interest Notes

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas. Interest allowed on time deposits. [jy11:6m

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GOOD GROCERIES! CHEAP!

EDWARD HAZLETON, JR.

GROCER

AND

PRODUCE DEALER,

aug29:1y] *No. 21 Diamond, Pittsburg.*

LAUGHING GAS!

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, Bridgewater, Pa., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better, than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [my9'66:1y

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J. R. HARRAH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

COLLECTIONS and other business will receive prompt attention. Also legally authorized agent for the collection of back pay, pensions, bounty and all soldiers' claims.

☞ Office, District Attorney's office, Court House, Beaver, Pa. [aug22,'66—1y.

Union Hotel,

BEAVER, PA.

J. B. CLARK, *Proprietor.*

GOOD STABLING attached to the House. April 4, 1866.—1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Martha Macz, late of New Sewickly township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate to present them for the unbeliever properly authenticated for settlement.

nov14'66 JORDON C. NYE, Adm'r., Marion.

Dr. D. Stanton,

Surgeon, Physician & Pension Surgeon

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE and Residence at lower end of Broadway [jan24,'66

GARDNER

AND

SCHLEITER,

92 Market St.,

Pittsburg, Pa. [oct